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Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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KASHMIR PEACE PARLEYS IN DELHI

Draft Agreement Under Discussion India Stands By Assurance To Hold Referendum

Pakistan Asked To Hasten Withdrawal Of Raiders From State

NEW DELHI, November 28 (A.P.I.): High level talks are now in progress in Delhi for a solution of the Kashmir question, it is reliably learnt. The Direct participants in these discussions are the Governor-General Lord Mountbatten, the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the States Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and the Pakistan Premier Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan. The Kashmir Premier Mr. Mahajan and the Head of the Administration Sheikh Abdullah are now in Delhi in connection with these talks.

PRELUDE TO GENUINE CO-OPERATION?

These "triangular" discussions which are of great import to the future of the two dominions and Kashmir State are, it is stated, being carried on in a cordial atmosphere. The discussions, according to informed quarters, may lead to a final settlement of the outstanding problems, clear up the atmosphere and lead to genuine co-operation between the two States.

ANXIETY TO END STATE OF UNDECLARED HOSTILITY

These talks are said to be inspired by the anxiety on the part of both India and Pakistan to put an end to the present unfortunate state of affairs which is very near a state of undeclared hostility and to establish cordial relations on a firm basis.

In Kashmir, where military operations are now in progress, the Government of India have assured the Pakistan Dominion that they would be willing, as they have already declared, to hold a referendum on the question of accession as soon as the raiders are ejected.

To this policy they still stand committed and the Pakistan Dominion has been asked to throw in their weight in bringing about the withdrawal of raiders from Kashmir territory.

According to informed quarters, a tentative draft to resolve the issue is now under discussion between the representatives of both the dominions.

RAIDERS LOOT AND BURN SEVERAL VILLAGES

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): A Press Communique issued by the Ministry of Defence to-day states: "An Indian Army patrol clashed with a (Continued on Page 7)

STOP PRESS

NATIONAL COMMITTEE ORDERS MINERS' STRIKE

PARIS, Nov. 28 (Reuters): A total miners' strike in France was ordered to-day by the National Committee of the Miners' Federation.

LIAQUAT ALI FOR SIALKOT

LAHORE, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Pakistan's Premier, will be flying from Delhi to Sialkot to-morrow to attend the Pakistan celebrations organised there by the 15th Punjab Regimental Centre. He will be returning to Lahore on December 30.

Announcement

The Share-holders, policy-holder and Representatives of the Company in particular and public in general are hereby informed that the REGISTERED OFFICE of the EASTERN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED has been transferred from Karachi in the province of Sind (PAKISTAN) to ADVANI CHAMBERS, SIR PHIROZ SHAH MEHTA ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY 1 (INDIA). All concerned are therefore requested to please communicate with the Company at the above mentioned address or through its branches.

I. J. BHALLA,
Managing Director.
EASTERN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Will Attlee Visit India?

To Pave Way For Indo-Pakistan Agreement Or Kashmir Issue

LONDON, Nov. 28 (Reuters): London official quarters had no comment to make about reports from Delhi published here today suggesting that British Prime Minister Clement Attlee is to be asked to visit India to pave the way for agreement between the Governments of India and Pakistan on the vexed problem of Kashmir, writes Fraser Wighton, Reuters' political correspondent.

There is no reason to believe that an invitation of this kind has been received in London or that the British Prime Minister is contemplating such a visit.

'VICE VERSA'?

The reports contain an alternative suggestion that India Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and his Pakistan counterpart, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, might come to London for consultations. There is no evidence so far of any such proposal having been made from India or Pakistan. Both Dominions have their own High Commissioners in London who are in constant touch with their Governments.

KASHMIR ISSUE

It is known that the Kashmir problem has been a matter of concern to the British Government, as well as to those of India and Pakistan, and exchanges have been taking place on the subject between the British, India and Pakistan Governments.

These exchanges are still going on, and there is hope that there may eventually emerge from them a path to a solution of the Kashmir problem.

Pakistan: Far Eastern Commission

LONDON, Nov. 28 (Reuters): Britain still supports the United States view that the Eleven-Nation Far Eastern Commission, if increased to include Pakistan, would be a more suitable organ for negotiating the Far Eastern peace treaty than Five-Power Council of Foreign Ministers, it was learned from an authoritative source in London today.

So far the Soviet note reported by the United States News Agency (Tass) to oppose a January meeting of the Foreign Ministers' Council in China, if convenient to the Chinese Government, which would discuss the Far Eastern Peace Treaty has not been received at the British Foreign office. Nor has Britain yet replied to the recent Chinese note on the Far Eastern Peace Treaty which proposed that negotiations should be carried out through the Far Eastern Commission but that the great Powers should exercise a veto.

NIZAM SIGNS DELHI AGREEMENT

LONDON, November 28, (Reuters): The Hyderabad Government announced in London tonight that a Standstill Agreement for a period of one year with the Dominion of India is being executed in Hyderabad and Delhi tomorrow morning.

The agreement makes it clear that the Nizam's sovereign rights remain unimpaired.

All Dominion troops—these are all that remain of the British Indian Army—are to be withdrawn from Hyderabad territory before the end of February.

DELHI TO HELD NIZAM'S GOVT. The Union Government undertakes to co-operate with the Nizam's Government to prevent and discourage all subversive activities and propaganda. Hyderabad has the right under the agreement to appoint Agents-General in all countries, including the United States of America and the Dominions.

LETTER TO MOUNTBATTEN In a letter to the Governor-General Lord Mountbatten, the Nizam expressed regret that they had not been able to reach a final agreement on eventual association between Hyderabad and the Dominion.

He added: "As Your Excellency knows, I have not been prepared to contemplate accession to either Dominion but short of this I have been ready to negotiate with your Government upon any other basis."

BRIGHT HOPES FOR THE FUTURE "I am confident that if during the next year, our associations in accordance with the Standstill Agreement are marked by goodwill on both sides we shall be more likely at the end of that period to reach a satisfactory agreement as to the nature of our long-term association." The Nizam said he regarded the agreement as founded upon the principle of "vice versa."



Syed Hussain: He is India's Ambassador at Cairo.

ZERO HOUR STRIKES FOR PALESTINE

Mufti's Call To Arabs To Rally For Defence Of Homeland

JERUSALEM, Nov. 28 (Reuters): Border patrols—estimated at 80,000 strong—from the Jewish Defence Army "Haganah" were tonight at "action stations" round isolated Jewish settlements on Palestine's northern and north-eastern frontiers, as the Holy Land waited for the United Nations' final vote on partition.

In Jerusalem, the Palestine Police Garrison was reinforced by about 100 men from outlying districts. Palestine Arab Leaders received instructions from Arab Headquarters in the Lebanon to travel to the United Nations immediately after the Nations' verdict was given, Arab sources said.

In a message given prominent headlines in the Arab press today, the Mufti called Palestine's estimated 1,300,000 Arabs to the "holy task" of "the defence of their homeland, dignity, people and money."

"Failure to respond is an unforgivable crime," the Mufti warned.

ZAFULLAH'S POSER TO U. N.

FLUSHING MEADOWS, (New York), Nov. 28 (Reuters): Suggestions of behind-the-scenes activities in quest for votes on partition were made today by Sir Zafullah Khan (Pakistan) as the General Assembly approached its big decision.

Sir Zafullah asked under what authority the United Nations proposed to cut up the body of Palestine in quest for votes on partition.

"In making this futile attempt you are not considering 66 per cent of the Palestine people," he said.

Dr. Arafat predicted to the press that partition would pass with voting at 31 for and 13 against.

Press Control Raj In Sind

Editor Of 'Nayansar' Arrested

KARACHI, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): "The Sind Observer"—a leading English daily of Karachi—came out without any headlines to news items this morning following the "pre-censorship" order of the Sind Government.

There were no letters to the Editor and in the Editorial column the paper printed the "pre-censorship" order.

On the front page the Editor stated: "Owing to the pre-censorship order passed on us, we regret our inability to publish leading articles, letters to the Editor, provincial news, special contributions and headlines to news items."

NAYANSAR EDITOR ARRESTED SHIKARPUR, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): Kundandse Mulchand, Editor of "Nayansar" a weekly newspaper was arrested under the Sind Public Safety Ordinance yesterday.

Hungary Closes Frontier With Austria

MOSCOW, Nov. 28 (Reuters): A Tass official Soviet News Agency despatch from Budapest today quoted newspapers for reports that the Hungarian authorities had closed the frontier with Austria.

During a document check on a ten mile section of the frontier more than 600 men were arrested within a week, Tass said.

ALI ZAHEER PRESENTS CREDENTIALS

TEHRAN, Nov. 28 (Reuters): The newly appointed Indian Ambassador to Persia, Sayed Ali Zaheer, has presented his credentials to the Persian Foreign Minister, Houti Eshfahanli, Iranian radio reported today.

Both emphasised the friendship of the two countries "several years ago" and expressed hope for its strengthening now that India has become an independent state, the radio said.

SIND MINORITIES WELCOME LEAGUE LIQUIDATION

KARACHI, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): The Sind Minorities Association at its meeting today passed a resolution welcoming the move to liquidate the Muslim League. The Association hoped that the membership of the proposed Pakistan National League would be open to all the nationals of Pakistan irrespective of caste or creed.

John Eric Kimberg was introduced to prominent city Congressmen at a meeting at the Congress House this afternoon.

Mr. M. Y. Nurie who presided on the occasion spoke of him as an unofficial ambassador from Sweden.

J. S. Bhalja In City

BOMBAY, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): Mr. G. S. Bhalja, Secretary to the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, arrived in Bombay today on a short visit.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH	
Previous Closing	35.67
Today's Opening	35.77
Difference	0.10
Today's Closing	36.14
Difference	0.37
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	
New York Stock Exchange opening	—
General Motors	358-1/8
United States Steel Common	37 1/2
United States Steel Preferred	unquoted
— (Reuters) —	
LAST QUOTATIONS, NOV. 28	
Cotton Janila Jan	476 0
Cotton Janila March	473 4
Silver Bullion	164 0
Gold Forward	107 14
Sovereign	70 0

NO RESTORATION OF CUT IN RICE RATION

With effect from Sunday, the 30th November, 1947, the maximum quantities of various rationed food grains available on an adult ration card in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District within the total weekly quantum of 3 1/8 Bombay seers will be:—

Wheat including wheat flour 1 1/2 Bombay seers of which not more than 1/4 seer can be taken in wheat grains if available at the ration shops, rice 1/4 Bombay seer, maize and barley together 1 3/8 Bombay seers and milo 1/4 Bombay seer if available at the ration shops.

For heavy manual worker the maximum quantities of rationed articles available as a supplementary ration per week will be as under:—

Wheat flour 1/4 Bombay seer, rice 1/4 Bombay seer, maize and barley together 1 1/2 Bombay seer and milo, if available at the shops 1/4 Bombay seer within the total quantum of 1 Bombay seer.

The necessary amendments to the City of Bombay Rationing Regulation, 1943 and the Bombay Suburban District Rationing Regulation, 1943, are being published in part I of the Bombay Government Gazette, Extraordinary, dated November 29, 1947, says a press note issued by the Supply Commissioner, Bombay.

MAHATMA WORKS MIRACLE IN DELHI

Sikhs Fraternise With Sheikh Abdullah On Guru Nanak's Birthday

NEW DELHI, November 28 (A.P.I.): Addressing a large gathering of Sikhs (over a lakh) today, at the Gandhi Ground, Mahatma Gandhi congratulated them for the perfect calm they maintained at the meeting. He said he was a friend and brother of the Sikhs inasmuch as he was their servant. He urged them to give up the spirit of vengeance. Sir Datar Singh's daughter was with him.

The family had lost properties worth lakhs of rupees but, Mahatma Gandhi said, Sir Datar was equally serving the Hindus, Sikhs and Muslims. He never turned an enemy of the Muslims.

THE INVITATION

Mahatma Gandhi referred to the invitation accorded to him by the Sikhs to attend the meeting which was being held on the occasion of Guru Nanak's birthday celebration. He was happy that Sher-e-Kashmir Sheikh Abdullah was also invited and was with him at the meeting. He hoped that the Sikhs would hence turn a new leaf with regard to their attitude towards the Muslim brethren and shed all vice. He urged them not to forget the teachings of Guru Govind Singh. To Gandhi, the wrong done by a Hindu, a Sikh or a Muslim was like a wrong done by himself. He appealed to the Sikhs to sheathe their swords and give up the spirit of retaliation.

SHEIKH ABDULLAH'S ADVICE

Sheikh Abdullah who addressed the gathering after Mahatma Gandhi, appealed to the Sikhs to follow the true teachings of Guru Govind Singh. This was the day, he said, when the Sikhs were offering flowers in memory of the Guru and it behooved them to take a vow not to go against his teachings.

Muslims of all India had to hang down their heads in shame for the misdeeds of their co-religionists in Noakhali and later in Rawalpindi, Lahore and other places in West Punjab and N.W.F.P. Quran did not teach killing of women and children. Gandhi Sahab and Gita did not do so either.

EMULATE KASHMIR'S EXAMPLE

Sheikh Abdullah referred to the invasion in Kashmir by the raiders and said that they in the hills of Kashmir swore that they would lay down their lives rather than see either the Hindus or the Sikhs face death at the hands of the raiders. He said that people here had Mahatma Gandhi amidst them and that his appeals everyday but would not follow his advice. But Kashmiris followed him. He hoped that Kashmir would be an example to India.

After the address, Sikhs assembled at the meeting came forward and shook hands with Sheikh Abdullah.

THE MIRACLE

Speaking after prayers, Mahatma Gandhi said that to-day being Guru Nanak's birthday, he had been invited to attend a meeting of the Sikhs. Baba Bachitar Singh came

Shariat Meets Mahatma

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): Dr. Sulaiman Shariat met Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon. After the interview Dr. Shariat said that he sought Gandhi's advice on various problems facing his country.

Dr. Shariat is leaving for Singapore to-morrow on his way to Australia.

FRENCH GENERAL IN PLANE CRASH

PARIS, Nov. 28 (U.P.A.): The Air Ministry announced today that a plane which may have been carrying General Jacques Lachert, French Army Commander, crashed near Oran.

ANNOUNCEMENT

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that the Registered and Head Offices of the Company are now normally functioning from 1, Ansari Road, Daryaganj, Delhi. The policyholders of the Company who have migrated from the Punjab, N.W.F.P., Kashmir State, Delhi Province and Sind and Baluchistan during recent disturbances are requested to immediately notify their full addresses for all future correspondence and may get into touch with the Head Office or the nearest Branch Office of the Company for details relating to the formalities and facilities which the management has decided to extend in respect of insurance of fresh policies in lieu of the policies lost or destroyed and of revival of lapsed policies in deserving cases without interest and evidence of good health.

The policyholders, field workers and other well-wishers of the Company will be glad to know that the Company was able to evacuate most of the essential records relating to the policyholders and all efforts are being made to bring the remaining. The Company has been issuing premium notices although without any obligation on its part, in the past. The Company will again resume doing so as soon as the mechanical equipment of the Company is installed in Delhi. In the meanwhile, policyholders are advised in their own interest to remit the premium on due dates without the receipt of a premium notice from the Company. They should also apply for payment of maturity claims a month in advance of maturity date so as to enable the Company to complete all formalities in due time and make payment on the date of maturity as heretofore.

(Sd.) JAI CHAND JAIN,
General Manager.

BHARAT INSURANCE CO., LTD., DELHI.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

- AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 8th December, 1947, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—
1. Interpellations.
 2. Application for some financial help from an ex-Municipal employee.
 - 3-4. Letters from the authorities of the (3) Hindu Deen Daya Sangh (Hindu Anath Arbhakalaya); and (4) Bharatiya Sangh—Thanking the Corporation for sanctioning a grant-in-aid of their Institutions for the year 1946-47.
 - 5-9. Letters from the authorities of the (5) Victoria Memorial School for the Blind; (6-7) Libraries conducted by the Social Service League at (6) Madanpura; and (7) Parel; (8) Children's Aid Society; and (9) Bharatiya Sangh—Forwarding for information copies of the Annual Reports, etc., of their respective institutions.
 - 10-11. Letters from the authorities of the B. I. T. Blocks Tenants' Association—Applying for grants for the year 1948-49 in aid of (10) Free Dispensary and (11) Free Reading Room conducted by the Association.
 12. Letter from Mr. M. C. Bhan-sali, Architect, on behalf of his clients, the Trustees of Shri Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya—Applying for permission for the construction of an additional floor on the premises owned by the Trustees at the junction of Mangaldas Road and Vithaldas Road, etc.
 13. Letter from Mr. V. D. Vyas, late Head Clerk in the Estate and Land Manager's Department—Applying for gratuity in respect of his service in the Municipality.
 14. Letter from Messrs. Dubash & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of their client, Mr. Thakorlal J. Desai—Claiming damages on account of the death of their client's son alleged to have been run over by a B.E.S.T. Bus.
 15. Resolutions of the Standing Committee—
 16. Regarding the unexpended Budget grants for the year 1945-46 and previous years relating to Debt Charges pertaining to Municipal Accounts.
 17. Recommending additional grant to meet the liabilities incurred during 1946-47 and previous years pertaining to Improvement Schemes Account which were not paid for or adjusted before the close of the year 1946-47.
 18. Recommending advance to meet the liabilities incurred during 1946-47 and previous years under Advances and Special Funds Account pertaining to Municipal Accounts which were not paid for or adjusted before the close of the year 1946-47.
 19. Recommending additional grant to meet the liabilities incurred in respect of grants for 1945-46 and previous years pertaining to Municipal Accounts which were not paid for or adjusted before the close of the year 1946-47.
 20. Regarding appropriation of funds to meet the cost of carrying out certain repairs to an office room in the Municipal Workshops.
 21. Recommending additional grant to meet the payment of Telephone Bills for telephone connection provided at the Enroachment Section of the Licence Department at Sankli Street, etc.
 22. Forwarding a copy of the Capital and Revenue Accounts of the Industrial Housing Scheme for the year 1945-46, furnished by the Provincial Government.
 23. Regarding the report on the verification of the stores in charge of the Controller of Stores carried out by the Test Audit Officer, etc.
 24. Regarding payment of Duty Allowance, etc., to a clerk in the Chief Accountant's Office for attending to the duties of an Assistant Cashier.
 25. Regarding the work of providing an additional washing place at the Koli sheds at the Mahim Causeway.
 26. Regarding the work of providing a railing and a platform round the Detritus Tank at the Purification Works at Dadar, etc.
 27. Regarding the allocation of a supplementary grant sanctioned by the Corporation for Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Hospital, Nair Hospital Dental College and the Topiwala National Medical College under different service heads.
 28. Regarding a contract for providing cement concrete pavement for a portion of the western foot-path at Mahatma Gandhi Road.
 29. Regarding the provision of a washing place, etc., at the temporary open air market at Khetwadi 4th Lane, etc.
 30. Regarding a scheme for the improvement of the existing house gullies in the City, etc.
 31. Regarding application from certain Municipal Employees' Unions for grant of Independence Day Bonus.
 32. Regarding allocation of certain grants sanctioned for the Dharavi Hospital under different heads.
 33. Regarding the enhanced rates of charges to be paid for the maintenance of lepers at the Acworth Leper Home.
 34. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost on account of the revision of clerical grade in the Enroachment Removal Branch of the Licence Department, etc.
 35. Regarding the purchase of certain Renold Chain Drives re-

quired for the Dadar Purification Works.

36. Regarding the question of foregoing the recovery of charges on account of water supply, etc., from the Municipal employees provided with quarters, etc.

37. Recommending additional grant to meet the excess in the cost of the purchase of certain fire engines, etc.

38. Recommending additional grant to meet the expenditure incurred during 1945-46 for renewing the surface of the Byculla Bridge.

39. Recommending an advance to meet the cost of the purchase of certain station waggons and chassis, etc., required in connection with the scheme for the supply of milk to undernourished needy children in Municipal Schools.

40. Regarding the payment of overtime allowance to certain staff in the Chief Accountant's Department.

41. Regarding the question of the revision of the grade of Chemist and Officer-in-charge, Dadar Purification Works.

42. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of the staff and other contingent charges in connection with the removal of stall-boards in B and C Wards of the City.

43. Regarding the work of replacing the existing pumps at the Purification Works at Dadar by new ones.

44. Regarding the creation of certain posts in connection with the preliminary and outdoor work relating to the preparation of the Master Plan for the Greater Bombay Region.

45. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of the salary, etc., to a Stenographer in the office of the Schools Committee.

46. Regarding the appointment of certain staff in connection with the improvement of house gullies, etc.

47. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of repairs to Municipal Markets.

48. Recommending additional grant for payment of honorarium to certain staff of the Infectious Diseases Hospital for extra work put in during the Small-pox epidemic in 1942.

49. Recommending an advance to meet certain excess expenditure due to the appointment of temporary staff at the Municipal Workshops.

50. Recommending additional grant to meet excess expenditure for the feed of cattle brought for slaughter at the Slaughter House.

51. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of certain works for the Fire Station and staff quarters of the Fire Brigade Department.

52. Regarding a proposal to enter into an agreement with the G.I.P. Railway Administration for the occupation of a portion of the Railway land for laying a feeder main in Bhau Daji Road.

53. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of carrying out repairs to various structures at the Arthur Road Hospital, etc.

54. Recommending an advance to meet the excess in the cost of the purchase of two Ambulances, etc., required by the Fire Brigade Department.

55. Regarding the creation of the post of a Steno-typist in the Gardens Department.

56. Regarding additional grant to meet excess expenditure in respect of Primary Education during the current year.

57. Regarding a proposal to grant consolidated personal pay to the clerk of the Schools Committee attending to Sub-Committee work.

58. Regarding the question of providing housing accommodation for Malls working at the Sir Pherozshah Mehta Gardens.

59. Regarding the work of constructing a passage between Clerk Road and Mahalaxmi Overbridge and another passage off Jetha Street near Lamington Road, etc.

60. Regarding a proposal to request Government to give top priority to the work of constructing the sea wall and filling in the uncompleted blocks of the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, etc.

61. Regarding the work of carrying out additions and alterations to the buildings of the Municipal Workshops.

62. Regarding revised estimate for the work of laying storm water drains in University Road and Wadia Street—off Tardeo Road.

63. Regarding revised estimate for filling in of the low-lying land between Mahim Loop and Harbour Branch Railway, Sion, etc.

64. Regarding the work of constructing new tenements for the Labour Camp at Chembur.

65. Regarding the work of providing hanging balconies in the main halls of the City Engineer's and the Estate Agent's Departments.

66. Regarding the work of carrying out certain additions and alterations to the Crusher Godown at Carnac Bridge.

67. Regarding the work of providing an overhead storage tank, etc., at the Bellasis Road Maternity Home.

PUBLIC NOTICES

68. Regarding the construction of chawls for the labour staff of the Conservancy Branch of the Health Department.

69. Regarding the work of laying new 6" mains, etc., in the compound of the K. E. M. Hospital for improving water supply thereat.

70. Regarding revised estimates for the work of constructing roads sewers, etc., in Sewri Koliwada Scheme No. 59.

71. Regarding the question of entrusting the work of unloading 'Katchra' at Kurla-Deonar to an outside agency, etc.

72. Regarding the work of constructing a new gymnasium at the Chembur Labour Camp.

73. Regarding the work of providing a passenger lift in the Out-patient Department of the K. E. M. Hospital.

74. Regarding the request made by the Government of India to the Corporation to spare the services of Mr. N. V. Modak, City Engineer, for their National Housing Scheme.

75. Regarding the work of installing an additional electric lift in the Municipal Head Office Building.

76. Regarding the supply of water for industries beyond City limits.

77. Regarding grant of permission to the Executive Health Officer to serve as a member of the Bombay Smoke Nuisances Commission, etc.

78. Regarding a proposal for re-naming of the Municipal Dharavi Hospital.

79. Regarding permission to conduct a nursery school at the Arthur Road Welfare Centre, etc.

80. Regarding the running of free Family Health Centres in Municipal Dispensaries.

81. Reporting that Dr. B. A. Contractor, Superintendent of the Post-War Reconstruction Plan of the Government of Bombay to the City of Bombay.

82. Regarding Government reply to the representation for increasing the quantum of cloth PER CAPITA in Bombay Province.

83. Regarding Government's reply to the representation for abolishing the Urban Immovable Property Tax.

84. Schools Committee's letter—Regarding the question of removal of houses of ill-fame from the locality adjoining the Municipal Kamathipura School building.

85. Forwarding the Monthly Chemical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

86. Regarding a proposal to allow the Chemist-in-charge, Dadar Purification Works, to attend the Annual Session of the Indian Science Congress at Patna.

87. Forwarding half-yearly report of the work done in the Municipal Laboratory.

88. Regarding a proposal to permit the construction of mezzanine floor in the building on a plot in Scheme 58, Worli Estate.

89. Regarding a proposal to allow the transfer of a plot in Hornby-Vellard Estate.

90. Reporting that no case of breeding of Malaria carrying mosquito was detected during October 1947.

91. Regarding the change of use of a plot in Kolhatwadi Estate.

92-95. Letters from (94) Mr. A. Baigmahomed and (95) Mr. Khimji M. Bhujpuria—Applying for leave of absence from the Meetings of the Corporation.

96. Confirmation of the Special Committee's Proceedings.

97. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

98. From Mr. K. H. Goregaonker—For putting a stop to the practice of running tram cars without head-lights after dark.

99-100. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For (99) representing to Government to take steps to increase the present weekly quota of 1/4 seer of rice given per adult in the city; and (100) expressing the Corporation's concern at the proposals made in certain quarters for the removal of control on food grains, etc.

101. From Mr. Homi F. Pavri—For providing railings on the kerbside of the foot-path at Marine Drive and also an illuminated Route Direction Sign thereat.

102-104. From Mr. R. K. Achrekar—For (102) paving the foot-path along the end of Arthur Road opposite Laxmi Narayan Temple; (103) providing a recreation ground at south end of Arthur Road; and (104) requesting the G.I.P. and the B.B. & C.I. Railway authorities to take stringent measures to prevent the practice of male passengers occupying compartments reserved for ladies in the suburban trains.

105. From Mr. Narsingrao C. Pine—For keeping a Police chowki at the Northbrook garden.

106. From Mr. V. B. Gandhi—For obtaining from Government a grant out of the funds to be provided by them for constructing houses, to enable the Municipality to grant advances to their employees for a similar purpose.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor, Municipal Secretary, Municipal Corporation Office, Bombay, 28th November 1947.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE KESAR SUGAR WORKS LTD. NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE KESAR SUGAR WORKS LIMITED will be held on FRIDAY, the 19th day of December, 1947, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, 45-47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st July, 1947.
2. To sanction the payment of Dividend to Preference Shareholders.
3. To declare a Dividend to Ordinary Shareholders.
4. To elect Directors in place of Mr. Ambalal Kilachand and Mr. Dharamraj Mulraj Khatau who retire by rotation but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 5th day of December, 1947 to the 15th day of December, 1947, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board of Directors, KILACHAND DEVCHAND & CO., Managing Agents.

N.B.—Dividend when declared will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after the 19th day of January, 1948. Dividend Warrants will be posted to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 5th day of December, 1947.

SHAREHOLDERS ARE REQUESTED TO KINDLY NOTIFY ANY CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

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BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

NOTICE

TENDERS for supply of all or any of the following articles for one year from 1-3-1948 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner on 10-12-1947 not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.)

Gram about 10,45,360 lbs., or Urid or Math about 14,83,360 lbs., and Salt about 9,425 lbs.

Tenders will be accepted as a whole or split up at the discretion of the Municipal Commissioner.

A set of tender forms will be issued on payment of Re. 1 only by the undersigned from whom further information if required can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid is Rs. 7,000 only.

By order of Municipal Commissioner, K. N. CHOKSY, Ag. Executive Health Officer, Public Health Deptt., Bombay 1.

6269

THE AMBIKA SILK MILLS CO., LTD. NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office (11-12 Haines Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 13) on SATURDAY, the 29th November, 1947, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, for passing the Resolution of which has already been given to the share-holders.

By the Order of the Board, MAGANLAL BHAGWANDAS & CO., Managing Agents, Bombay, dated 27th October, 1947.

6253

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY. TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES Bombay Municipality invites tenders (by order of the Municipal Commissioner) for the supply of cast iron stand-post hydrants and posts.

Tender forms etc., containing full particulars together with any other relevant information can be had from his office at 568, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11 on payment of Rs. 2/- per set.

Tenders shall be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered into the office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, THE 10th DECEMBER, 1947, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.). Tender forms will not be sent by V.P.P.

6265

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE. DR. DHANJISHAW PESTONJI SARKARI, of Khar has contracted to sell to my client the vacant piece of land at Bandra (Bhikarmandali) East of Khar Railway Station, bearing Survey No. 156, Hissa No. 13, area 3 3/4, Gunthas or 453 Sq. Yards, free from all encumbrances. It was purchased by Dr. Sarkari from Dewchand Welp of Bandra.

ALL persons claiming any interest in the said piece of land are requested to inform about the same in writing to the undersigned at his office at All Chambers, Fort, Bombay or at his Bungalow "Vaidya Cottage", Vile Parle, within 14 days, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

Dated this 27th day of November, 1947.

K. K. VAIDYA, Purchaser's Attorney, 6262

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PUBLIC NOTICES

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES, SHAHJAHAN ROAD, NEW DELHI

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SE2 81572 IV to reach him on or before 18-12-47, on for (not transferable) obtainable from the office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No. full name and address of the tenderer) for One Oil Engine Driven Battery Charging Generator, etc. Sets with Switchboards.

Applicants not already on approved list of this Department must give their Bankers' reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already blacklisted by this office are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them. Tender forms are available from the following officers on payment, of tender fees direct to them.

Director of Supply, Calcutta-Bombay.

2. Deputy Director of Supply, Madras.

6263

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY

SEALED TENDERS in English are invited for "EARTHWORK IN APPROACHES FOR A NEW HIGH LEVEL RAILWAY BRIDGE TO BE CONSTRUCTED OVER THE MAHI RIVER between SEVALIA and TIMBA ROAD in BOMBAY PROVINCE" at mile 33.263 on Anand-Godhra Branch of this Railway.

2. Tenders should reach the office of the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, General Offices, Chhatrapati, Bombay, not later than 12 hours (I.S.T.) on 15-12-1947.

3. Tender documents together with schedule of approximate quantities can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer during office hours on payment of Rs. 5/- only which will not be refunded. Plans may be seen in the office of the Chief Engineer during office hours on any working day and will be supplied if required at Rs. 5/- per set.

4. Tenders on the specified form only will be accepted and must be accompanied by complete contract documents.

5. Tenders will be opened at 15 hours (I.S.T.) on 15-12-47 in the office of the Chief Engineer.

J. S. BEARCROFT, Chief Engineer. (6245)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that Mr. SADEK-ALLI HASSANALLI BILASPURWALLA, doing purchase and sell collecting work of my clients, Messrs. E. F. MOHAMED & Co., of 29, Khokha Bazar, Bombay 3, has now no power or authority of my clients to do any whatsoever on their behalf. My clients will not acknowledge any responsibility for any transaction done by or with him.

TAIYAB S. N. DIWANJI, Advocate for Messrs. E. F. MOHAMED & Co. 28-11-1947, Lawyers Chambers, Picket Road, Bombay 2.

7556

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF BOMBAY.

CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DIPLOMAS 9th January, 1948.

A CONVOCATION for conferring Diplomas will be held on FRIDAY, THE 9th JANUARY 1948, at 6 p.m. The last day for receiving applications and fees for admission to Diplomas is 18th December 1947. Forms of application may be obtained free of charge from the College Office.

D. K. BHARUCHA, Secretary, Hospital Avenue, Parel, Bombay, 28th November, 1947.

6264

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai AYESHABAI, daughter of Begmahomed Abdulrehman of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, lease, gift, exchange, etc., or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, within the Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, being and being at Juhu in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Bombay Suburban in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1 Acre and 1/2 Guntha or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue bearing Survey and Hissa Nos. 2A/5A and the assessment thereof is Rs. 12-6-9, and bounded as follows:—

That is to say on or towards the East by the property of A. B. Nair and Hissa No. 6A, on or towards the West by public Road, on or towards the North by Private Road and on or towards the South by the property of Harishchandra D. N. Dandekar.

Dated this 27th day of Nov. 1947.

AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS, Purchaser's Attorneys, 6256

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KUMUDCHANDRA ISH-WARLAL and NAVINCHANDRA ISH-WARLAL, for themselves and as the respective heads of their branches of Jotha Hindu family, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, lease, gift, exchange, etc., or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 709 square yards (according to the Collector's bill 741 square yards) or thereabouts, situate lying and being at Kaldewadi Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 209 and Cadastral Survey No. 1851 of the Shulhaswar Division together with the messuages tenements and hereditaments standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward Nos. 1907 and 1908 at 1910 and Street Nos. 310 at 314 and 314A, Kalbadevi Road, and bounded on the East by Kalbadevi main Road, on the West by the property of Chikhalwala of Morarji Market, on the North by the property of Maharaja Agrasen and on the South by Morarji Market.

Dated this 27th day of Nov. 1947.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS, Purchaser's Attorneys, 6257

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AUCTION SALES

"AUCTION SALE"

A NUMBER OF CARS, BUSES and LORRIES in good running order will be sold in Public Auction at the Palace Garage, MYSORE, on the 20th and 21st December, 1947, between 9-0 a.m. and 1-0 p.m.

For full particulars please see advertisement to be published on the 1st and 12th December, 1947, in Hindu, Madras Mail, Tai-Nadu, Daily Post, Sentinel, Times of India and Bombay Chronicle.

Superintendent;
Palace Garage,
MYSORE.

BONAFIDE SALE
AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of C. Wright Esq. and others, at Chowpatty Seaford near Vaniell's Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, Godrej safe, and Austrian safe, Godrej file cabinet, steel almirah, singer machine, type writer, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, show case, chest of drawers, almirah bed, German cottage piano, F. Langer & Co. (by Rose) large musical box, Hall Carpet etc. (S.Tax) T 40213 EASTERN AUCTION CO.

GANDHI ASTROLOGER
Health, Wealth, Journey etc. Lucky numbers, days by month by details 1 year Rs. 5 Weekly Rs. 15 Five questions Rs. 2. V. P. As. 5 State sex, age and writing time Hanuman Jothisha Ashrama Tirunelveli, S. India

ARYAN PAPER MILLS LTD.

DISTRIBUTORSHIP OF PRODUCTS
Most Successful Share Selling Agents will have preference for District or Divisional Zones.
For Particulars write to MANAGING AGENTS, 12, Chowringhee Square, CALCUTTA.

BREAST-FEEDING OF BABIES

Is the foundation of future health. Artificial feeding means artificial physical growth and unstable nervous system. Take Vinkola and a full course of it, and have enough milk to feed two babies for 6 to 8 months.

Used Trucks For Sale

Chevrolet and Dodge 3-Ton Capacity in excellent working order. 1943-45 Model available with body or chassis only. Very few left.

Contact;
THE NATIONAL GARAGE LTD.
Warden Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 26.



Towards building a healthy and strong Nation we have the pleasure to announce that another factory for the manufacture of Sports Goods, such as SHUTTLE COCKS, VOLLEY BALLS, FOOT BALLS, CRICKET AND HOCKEY BALLS has been started. All enquiries should be addressed to the Sales Manager.

G.G. INDUSTRIES
AGRA

Foreign Ministers Conference

Marshall And Bevin Become Involved In Tactical Mix-Up With Molotov

LONDON, November 28 (Reuters): Mr. George Marshall (United States) and Mr. Ernest Bevin, (British) became involved in a tactical mix-up with M. Vyacheslav Molotov (Russia) at the Council of Foreign Ministers meeting here yesterday while, M. Georges Bidault (France) doggedly tried to pull them back to their agenda.

M. Bidault tried desperately to get a definition of Germany's future frontiers before going on to other German problems.

But following M. Molotov's lead Mr. Marshall and Mr. Bevin both gave long discourses on their views on a future German Government until at last M. Bidault declared, "If we are going to change the agenda as soon as we begin to discuss it what is the good of wasting two days deciding on it."

M. Bidault began by making a long statement on German frontiers which contained a warning to the world about the danger of over-population of Germany.

He proposed that there should be no further mass transfers of population into Germany and that a security guarantee should be given to Germany's neighbours.

Mr. Bevin and Mr. Marshall, who showed themselves equally conscious that the frontier problem ought to have priority nevertheless made speeches replying to M. Molotov's statement at the previous session on the subject of the future German Central Government.

They were anxious to prove that Britain and the United States were as fully in support of an All-German Government as M. Molotov, or, indeed, it was based on a constitution safeguarding truly democratic liberties.

M. Bidault quickly obtained the support of Mr. Bevin and Mr. Marshall for his proposal that two commissions of experts should be set up to examine Germany's frontier in the East and West.

Molotov clocked this however, by claiming examination of frontiers would be immature at this stage.

Mr. Bevin in a statement on the basic British document on Germany already tabled, emphasised that Britain favoured formation of a Central German Government but unless its future was clearly defined a puppet Government might result with the danger of another dictatorship.

Dutch Navy Minister Resigns

THE HAGUE, Nov. 27 (Reuters): The Dutch Navy Minister M. J. A. Schagen Van Leeuwen resigned this week because the United Nations Security Council has not set a provisional time limit to the hold up of military operations in Indonesia. Dr. Louis Beel, Dutch Premier told the second chamber to-day denying there was a difference of opinion between the Cabinet and the Navy Minister on the navy budget for 1948.

Dr. Beel said M. Van Leeuwen was honourably discharged of his function at his own request.

FRENCH WORKERS VOTE AGAINST GENERAL STRIKE

PARIS, November 27. (Reuters): The National Cartel of Public Services grouping 11 nation unions with more than 2,000,000 members tonight voted against an immediate strike the voting was six union to four with one abstention—that of the National Police Union.

This development in France's 2,000,000 strong strike have followed tonight's decision by the 18 leading unions officially on strike to form a National Committee co-ordinating action throughout the country.

WITNESS AWAY IN Japanese Peace Treaty

Defence Counsel's Protest At U. Saw's Trial

RANGOON, Nov. 27. (Reuters): Mr. B. R. Verma, Defence Counsel for U. Saw, pre-war Premier of Burma, in the State assassination trial here, today strongly protested against "being kept in ignorance by the Crown" that "one of the most important witnesses in the case" a policeman attached to the Secretariat guard had left Burma for Pakistan.

The Tribunal President, Justice Kyaw Myint, said he was unaware of it and referred the question to U. Tun Byu, the Advocate-General, who confirmed the report, adding that the witness was at present at the Burmese Embassy in Karachi. Replying to a further protest by Mr. Verma against "the Crown's ignoring the rights of the defence," Crown counsel said the witness had been taken to Karachi under the personal orders of U. Tun Byu, former Private Secretary to Aung San, the murdered Premier.

Cross-examination of Crown witnesses continued at today's hearing.

Smuggling Germans To Argentine?

Danish Police Arrest Seven Members Of Alleged Gang

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 27. (Reuters): Danish police were reported today to have made a total of seven arrests in connection with alleged discovery on Monday of organised smuggling of Germans to the Argentine through Scandinavian ports.

The head of the organisation, described as the chief of German mine-sweepers in Danish waters since the liberation, was said to be among members of the smuggling gang who were arrested.

The Argentine Consul here has been "engaged" to all newspaper calls, and the Danish police told Reuters that they were not yet ready to comment.

The discovery of the organisation, said to work in Norway and Sweden as well as here, followed the arrest at Kastrop on Saturday of a German who was stated to be in possession of an Argentine passport without a visa.

The Argentine Consulate published a statement declaring that it had issued the passport, but later withdrew the statement and announced that another statement would be made shortly.

LEAGUE LEADER JOINS CONGRESS

BEZWADA, Nov. 28. (A.P.I.): Mr. Mohamed Faig, vice-President of the Bezwada Primary Muslim League, has resigned from the All India Muslim League and has joined the Indian National Congress as its four-anna member. In a statement Mr. Baig says:—

"I feel that there is no need for the continuance of the Muslim League in India today. I therefore resign my membership from the same and the vice-Presidency of the Bezwada Primary Muslim League. I am joining the Indian National Congress as its four-anna member. I have no hesitation to advise my religionists also to do the same in their own interests."

BIHAR SECRETARIAT OFFICERS THREATEN DIRECT ACTION

PATNA, November 27. (A.P.I.): The Ministerial Officers' Association of the Bihar Secretariat at a meeting yesterday voted unanimously for a peaceful 'direct action' if the Government reject a memorandum drafted by the Expert Committee of the Association and accept the recommendations of the Bihar Pay Revision Committee.

The memorandum says that according to the Pay Revision Committee those who have served for ten years are actually benefited by the recommendations and that even in these cases the advantages accruing have been offset by loss of future prospects.

Governor Visits Sabarmati

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 28. (A.P.I.): Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay visited this morning the Mahatma Ashram at Sabarmati, where Mahatma Gandhi had stayed from 1917 to 1931. He was taken round the different sections of the ashram including the workshop and the school.

Sir John Colville was delighted to see the old photographs of Mahatma Gandhi carefully preserved in an album and he remarked "they will be very useful to the future historian."

OVERALL PICTURE OF EVACUATION

NEW DELHI, November 27. (A.P.I.): The work of clearing pockets and concentrations of non-Muslims in camps in West Punjab and the NWFP by the Military Evacuation Organisation (India) has gone on apace. The overall picture on November 15 was that 30 camps of non-Muslim refugees in West Punjab and the Nowshera camp in the NWFP had been completely cleared.

The number of non-Muslim refugees left to be cleared by M.E.O. on November 15, was 4,15,600 in 15 districts in West Punjab and 51,000 in the NWFP area, including 2,000 in the tribal area.

INDIAN COUNCIL OF WORLD AFFAIRS

NEW DELHI, November 28. (A.P.I.): The Executive Committee of the Indian Council of World Affairs has accepted the invitation to be the National Council for India for the Institute of Pacific Relations.

BHOPAL BAN ON HINDI WEEKLY
BHOPAL, Nov. 27. (UPI): The Bhopal Government has banned the entry of the "Janasakti," Hindi weekly of Irtasi, edited by Mr. Sukumar Pagare, M.L.A. in the State.

Soviet Govt Proposes To Call Foreign Ministers Meeting In China

MOSCOW, Nov. 28. (Reuters): Vyacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister, replying to a Chinese Government note on the method of designing work for a Japanese peace treaty said the Soviet Government proposes to call a special session of the Council of Foreign Ministers in China.

The Russian note re-stated Russia's contention based on her interpretation of the Potsdam Agreement that preparatory work towards a peace settlement has been delegated to the Council of Foreign Ministers.

It acknowledged that the Chinese proposal that the great powers should be accorded veto rights at the conference recognises the special interests of the four powers.

But the note insisted that preparatory discussions with the other seven powers present could only delay the restoration of peace in the Far East.

M. Molotov suggested January next year as the date for the "Big Four" meeting.

His proposal was made in reply to a Chinese Government note, addressed to all members of the Seven-Nation Far Eastern Commission, suggesting that a draft peace treaty with Japan be made by the meeting of all eleven nations but with the four great powers exercising a veto right.

The Chinese note followed last July's invitation to the members of the Commission to meet and prepare a peace treaty.

This conference did not meet because Russia refused to attend, maintaining that the calling of such a conference should first be examined at a meeting of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers.

China, the United States, Britain and Russia would take part in the conference M. Molotov's note said. He asked for the agreement of the Chinese Government for the conference to meet in China.

The Soviet note published today by Tass, the Soviet official news agency said the proposal had also been made to the United States and Britain.

Australian Banking Bill Receives Royal Assent

CANBERRA, Nov. 27. (Reuters): Mr. William McKell, Australian Governor-General, today gave the Royal Assent to the Banking Nationalisation Bill within a few hours of its having passed all its stages in the House of Representatives and the Senate.

R.K.O. Film Workers Dismissed

HOLLYWOOD, November 27. (Reuters): R.K.O. studios announced last night that they had dismissed producer Adrian Scott and director Edward Lmytryk two film workers, who had been cited for contempt by the Congress Committee on Un-American Activities for refusing to say whether they were Communists.

FRENCH ASSEMBLY VOTES CONFIDENCE IN SCHUMAN GOVERNMENT

PARIS, Nov. 28. (Reuters): Meeting against a background of industrial strife which is slowly bringing the country's industrial life to a standstill, the French Assembly early this morning passed a vote of confidence in M. Robert Schuman's five-day-old Government.

WALKESWAR FLAT FORCIBLY OCCUPIED

Allegation Against Sindi Refugee

BOMBAY, Friday.
Failing to find accommodation at Admar B. Punawani, a young Sindi, is alleged to have taken forcible possession of a flat at Walkeswar and made himself at home without anybody's permission. He was later arrested by the Gamdevi Police on a charge of house-breaking, and was put up before Mr. H. G. Mahimtura, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court today who ordered him to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 5,000.

It was revealed by the police in the court that the flat in question was originally rented by Mr. Yunus A. Sheikh who had left for Burma leaving the flat in possession of one Afghan. The latter was called away at Dharwar and so, prior to his departure he left the key of the flat with one Mr. S. D. Savant asking him to look after the flat.

It was alleged by the police that on Wednesday last when Mr. Savant visited the flat he was surprised to find that the lock of the flat was broken and the accused had occupied the flat.

HUNT FOR LETHAL WEAPON IN DONGRI

2 Persons Arrested For Alleged Possession Of Dagger

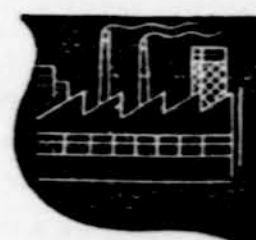
BOMBAY, Friday.
The Special Branch of the Bombay Police made a thorough comb-out of the Jail Road area at Dongri today in order to discover hidden knives, pistols and other lethal weapons. The search was carried out at 4-30 in the morning under cover of darkness.

In one of the buildings which were searched, two persons were taken in custody for the unlawful possession of a dagger. The dagger, it was stated, was found wrapped in a scarf, in the trunk of one of the accused. The other accused who claimed the scarf which enveloped the dagger, was also arrested.

The police stated at the Esplanade Court, that they suspected that the two accused were involved in a number of riot cases and as such they wanted time for further investigations.

Mr. G. K. Rege Presidency Magistrate, before whom they were put up, allowed them bail.
Another person carrying "kukri" was arrested last night and ordered to be remanded to custody, today.

Industry's 2nd power house



A factory's Canteen is the centre of its labour welfare, and the meeting place of workers from all departments of the plant. Here workers rest and revive their flagging energies; they eat their meals, they talk... Important as other welfare services are — sports, entertainments,

libraries — the Canteen is the very heart of the factory — the maker or breaker of morale. This is why the Canteen should be bright but restful, clean and comfortable. Food should be wholesome, palatable and inexpensive. And above all, tea — with its refreshing and invigorating qualities — must be there in plenty.



WE ARE GLAD to offer the service of our "Clinical Department" run under the direct supervision of qualified and experienced physicians and surgeons, to all sufferers from loss of health and strength, mental and nervous disorders, obesity, constitutional or chronic diseases which have defied treatment. Personal Individualised Treatment and Expert Guidance. ASK FOR OUR FREE MEDICAL CIRCULAR



DON HITS HIS 24th TEST CENTURY AT BRISBANE

Mastery Over Mankad

AUSTRALIAN TEAM ON WAY TO HUGE TOTAL

(From Dulepsinghji, Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Indian Cricket Team)

BRISBANE, Nov. 28.—Don Bradman scored his twenty-fourth Test century at Brisbane playing against India in the First Test that commenced to-day.

At close of play Don was not out with 160, the total score being 273 for 3. Play was stopped earlier than scheduled on account of bad light.

Bradman's mastery over Mankad and two catches dropped by Irani have placed Australia in a strong position in this First Test match with rain threatening to-night.

Amarnath put Mankad on soon after Bradman came in. Bradman played one hurried shot against Mankad in his first over but in the next one changed his tactics by stepping out to the mid-wicket boundary against the break. Amarnath placed a fielder against this shot but I would have left it open as Bradman was taking a risk in an effort to upset Mankad.

With powerful hooks, drives, cuts and typical Bradman-like flicks to leg Bradman was more like the Don of old days. Bradman was master of all the bowling, playing with great ease. His pace from his chances century until he reached 150 was amazing and the crowd had hardly stopped cheering the hundred when he reached 150. He opened out after reaching three figures, collecting as many runs as possible before the rain came after threatening all the afternoon.

So far the Australia innings has turned out to be Bradman versus India. What a difference a real pace bowler would have made to the Indian attack!

Irani was dropping the ball all day when taking the bowling and throws in to the wicket. He dropped two catches. Hassett was dropped by him when eighteen and after his escape, played soundly and gave Bradman fine support. The pair ran some sharp singles during this partnership which was the turning point of Australia getting on top.

Brown was not playing in his top form and was caught on the leg side off about the only ball which Irani took cleanly. Morris, played a patient, steady innings, collecting runs with square cuts and leg shots.

Mankad always finds left-handers difficult to bowl against and with Bradman at the other end he found two batsmen playing him easily.

Morris was out when he hit his wicket while trying to stop the ball trickling on to his stumps.

SLIPS TOO DEEP

Morris early in his innings had nicked one to the slips and it would have been a catch if the slips had not been so deep. India always start with the slips too deep later bringing them up. In several matches they have lost the opportunity of a slip catch through this same fault.

After tea the light was bad but Australia, with rain about, rightly decided not to appeal.

In the Oxford versus Cambridge match once the fielding side appealed against the light and the Umpires upheld the appeal and if Amarnath had appealed to-day, he would have

been not removed until an hour before play was due to begin.

It is known that the pitch is slightly under-prepare, and that the groundsmen would have preferred more time to use the heavy roller and had hoped for more sunshine.

In any case, it is always advisable to bat first at Brisbane, and when Amarnath failed to call correctly, Bradman, as expected, put India into the field.

AMARNATH AND SOHONI START ATTACK

There was a fairly strong cross breeze and this, with the heavy atmosphere was likely to aid Amarnath's in-swingers and Sohoni's out-swingers at the other end.

The crowd was estimated at 5,000 when Brown, who took the strike, and Morris opened to the bowling of Amarnath and Sohoni.

Amarnath took a single to the on-side in Sohoni's first over, and then came the first thrill, Amarnath, in his second over, a maiden, beat Morris, the ball rapping his gloves and dropping about two yards short of Sarwate, at backward short-leg.

Brown on-drove for two in Sohoni's third over to mark the total only even in the first quarter of an hour.

This was evidence that both batsmen intended to open with traditional Test match caution, and both left Sohoni's deliveries outside the off-stump alone.

When eight, and the total was 14, Morris offered a near chance to Nayudu after a second slip off Sohoni who was dropping less than a foot in front of Nayudu's right hand.

IRANI'S CATCH DISALLOWED

Amarnath bowled another maiden this time to Brown.

Then the first ball of Sohoni's fifth over beat Morris, but an appeal by Irani for a catch at the wicket was negated.

The next delivery went dangerously close to Sarwate at fine leg and speed to the boundary.

Morris was certainly uncomfortable and his streaky opening was reminiscent of Bradman's troublesome first hour in the first Test.

Amarnath's seventh over was another maiden to Morris, who allowed several balls rising just outside the off-stump to pass by.

The batting remained of Test dourness with Mankad bowling well. His second over was a maiden to Brown who scored only 11 in 45 minutes.

Brown's negative innings ended in Amarnath's ninth over when, in attempting to turn the ball, he was well taken on the leg side by Irani. Brown never looked confident during his stay of fifty-three minutes which yielded him eleven runs.

India's captain then had the fine first over wicket for seven runs in nine overs.

Bradman opened his account with a straight drive for a single past the bowler, Mankad.

41 FOR 1

In the first hour the total reached 41 for the loss of Brown's wicket.

Bradman showed confidence in stepping out to drive six of Mankad's deliveries in the left-hander's sixth over. All were beautifully timed strokes, but superb fielding by Amarnath and Sarwate prevented even a single.

Bradman pulled the first ball of Mankad's next over high to the unguarded leg boundary. The fifty went up in 72 minutes.

Bradman again lifted the first ball of Mankad's over to the long-on fence for four, after which Sohoni was posted deep. Mankad having one slip but a strong off side field.

Bradman scored 19 in half an hour and 21 in 35 minutes, while Morris added only 3 in the last twenty minutes before lunch, which was taken at 1.15 for 1, the result of ninety minutes play.

Amarnath, bowling unchanged throughout, had the grand figures of 16 overs, seven maidens, sixteen runs, one wicket.

The Indians had the first taste of relentless Australian batting, but thanks mainly to Amarnath's steady hostility in bowling and fielding, came through the one-hour session with flying colours.

Even when the shine was off the ball Amarnath was still dangerous and appeared to be turning the ball away from the bat each way.

Amarnath was cheered as he took up the attack again after lunch.

About 10,000 people were present when Bradman drove Amarnath's first ball through the covers for three. Although there were six overs still to be bowled before the new ball became available, Sohoni went on at the other end.

The light was rather dull and rain could be seen falling in the distant hills.

It was not long before Amarnath switched his attack.

Mankad replaced Sohoni after one over, and Amarnath rested himself by putting Sarwate at 81.

MANKAD WARNS MORRIS

Bradman hooked Mankad's second ball for two, but Sarwate began with a maiden over to Morris who later broke his long spell of passivity by launching Mankad for four.

The partnership reached fifty in an hour. When Morris was 45 Mankad checked his bowling run and warned him that he was off his crease. Morris could easily have been run out.

Morris fell in Sarwate's next over. Stepping out to drive he mistimed the stroke and the spin took the ball trickling on to the stumps.

Hassett next in, opened his account with a beautiful late cut for three off Sarwate to hoist the hundred after 125 minutes.

Bradman now full of assurance, pulled Sarwate through a wide open gap for four. After the forty-sixth

over Sohoni and Amarnath went on with the new ball. A late cut for four single off Amarnath's second delivery gave Bradman his fifty, after eighty-three minutes.

Then Hassett, when seven, and the total at 117, pulled Amarnath fiercely for four. The ball went heads high to Kishenchand at silly mid on, causing him to duck, but the stroke was too hot to call a chance.

HASSETT MISSED WHEN 19

Sohoni, pegging away at the off-stump, bowled a maiden to Hassett. Bradman had a narrow escape from being run out when 58, only narrowly beating home Gul Mahomed's throw which hit the wicket.

Bradman and Hassett were on the look out for runs, and they stole many singles. In fact, runs began to come at the rate of one a minute.

Hazare replaced Amarnath in the attack, but neither he nor Sohoni moved the new ball in the air.

Hassett, when 19 and the total was 140, was missed off Sohoni, Irani failing to hold a wide, low catch on the off-side.

Bradman found his pet spot on the on-side unguarded, and promptly pulled Hazare for a four. He then straight-drove Hazare for another four.

Amarnath made a double bowling change at 159, Mankad and Nayudu coming on. Bradman greeted Mankad's appearance with a brilliant cover-drive for four.

The batsmen were in complete command at the tea interval, when the total was 183 for two, Bradman being 26 not out and Hassett 38 not out.

AFTER TEA

When play was about to recommence after tea, misty rain was falling. The umpires went to the wickets but returned to the pavilion almost immediately and the approaches to the wicket were covered.

The light was poor when Mankad and Nayudu eventually reopened the attack after a delay of 23 minutes. The bowlers were handicapped by the greasy ball and used saw dust.

When 39 Hassett survived a confident appeal for leg-before by Mankad. Hassett pulled a short ball from Nayudu for four, and then square-cut the same bowler for three in his third over. The hundred of the partnership was reached in 90 minutes.

At 48, Hassett attempted to drive Mankad, but he mistimed the shot being beaten by the spin and gave Gul Mahomed an easy catch at Joseph third-man. This was Mankad's 20th over. The total was 198, and Bradman was nine short of his century.

Miller, who is celebrating his 28th birthday, came in to partner Bradman who proceeded to cover-drive Nayudu for four and bring up the 200 in three and a half hours. Sohoni replaced Nayudu, and narrowly missed Miller's off-stump before Miller had opened his account. The bowlers had requisitioned a towel and Mankad made frequent use of this. Bradman late-cut Sohoni for four to reach his hundred, which included eight fours.

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The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Proposal To Play Football And Hockey At Cooperage

BY J. C. MAITRA

Is it possible to play both football and hockey at the Cooperage? That is the question which is agitating the minds of the rulers of football and hockey at the present moment. For some time past the Government of Bombay has been thinking of restricting the activities of the various provincial sporting associations to a couple of play grounds. But how to combine them into two groups?

First of all, the grounds must be big enough to accommodate them. Secondly, their seasons should not clash. At any rate, one should not come in the way of the other. Now a third has cropped up. In case football and hockey combine, could the ground be prepared well enough to suit both?

B.P.O.A.'S MOVE

Recently the B.P.O.A. convened a meeting of representatives of various sporting bodies in the city. A plan was laid before them which is designed to accommodate all the games like football, athletics, cycling, hockey, badminton, lawn and table tennis.

The Government is expected to grant a piece of land measuring 34 thousand square yards in the Lloyd Reclamation Ground.

The W.I.F.A. representatives made it clear that their Association might come into the scheme provided this was offered to them as an additional venue for football.

As it was not possible to fit in hockey into this arrangement, it was left out. It was agreed on all hands that the B.P.H.A. must have a separate ground for itself.

IS IT POSSIBLE?

This gave rise to a talk between the representatives of the W.I.F.A. and B.P.H.A. as to whether it was not possible to stage hockey and football matches at the Cooperage. Their reasons do not collide. And every other arrangement can be easily made to suit both the bodies.

The only fly in the ointment is preparation of the ground to suit both the games. I understand that expert are of the opinion that it can be done.

Then I do not see any reason why the amalgamation should not take place. It will be to the best advantage of both the bodies. The B.P.H.A. has appointed three representatives to meet those of the W.I.F.A. I hope an early fusion will take place to the benefit of both.

LOSSES TO SPORT

I was greatly shocked and grieved to hear yesterday that two of my friends Geri A. Green and N. E. Musry, had suddenly passed away.

In his manner, was well-known in the sporting world, particularly in hockey and billiards, as a journalist. He was formerly associated with the "Times of India" and the "Free Press Journal" and then the "National Standard". His premature death is a distinct loss to sports journalism.

Musry was Honorary Treasurer of the W.I.F.A. for a dozen years. He retired from the field only this year owing to indifferent health. During my long association with the sporting life of Bombay, I have not found a more sincere, honest and hardworking officer as Musry was. It was mainly due to his efforts the finances of the W.I.F.A. were placed on a sound footing.

May their souls rest in peace!

W. I. Badminton

BOMBAY, Friday.

The elimination process for the qualifying rounds of the All-India Badminton Championships continued this evening when further progress was made in the men's singles event in addition to some matches in the women's doubles event also being decided. Results, generally speaking, worked out according to form. Koppikar who was concerned in the only three set match in the singles event won very comfortably after dropping the first game to Menon, the final scores being 15-13, 15-1, 15-2.

The following is the programmes for Saturday:—

COURT NO. 1

3-30 p.m. M. S. Patil vs. S. S. Nerurkar 5-50 p.m. A. G. Kalyanpurkar vs. A. V. Ullal, 6-10 p.m. K. Dutt vs. K. M. G. Menon or B. P. Koppikar, 6-30 p.m. Miss P. D. Shroff vs. Mrs. B. C. Castellino and A. Samuel, 7 p.m. Mrs. R. Soman and P. Shirke vs. V. Madgavkar and Partner, 7-30 p.m. Mrs. J. S. Nougier and E. M. Fernandes vs. Mrs. Merchant and C. P. Merchant.

COURT NO. 2

5-30 p.m. E. M. Fernandes vs. C. L. de Souza, 5-50 p.m. M. Mangalvedekar vs. K. L. Suri, 6-30 p.m. Miss B. Farla and C. L. de Souza vs. M. K. Bhopadkar and Partner, 7 p.m. Miss S. S. Phansalkar and A. G. Kalyanpurkar vs. Mrs. Kulkarni and K. K. Nair, 7-30 p.m. Miss T. Bagwe and B. P. Koppikar vs. Miss L. Pandit and S. S. Nerurkar.

COURT NO. 3

5-30 p.m. V. R. Varadkar vs. P. S. Nikant, 5-50 p.m. G. S. Kalyanpurkar vs. V. G. Bhide, 6-10 p.m. G. F. Fernandes vs. K. G. Bhide, 6-30 p.m. V. G. Bhide and Partner vs. K. K. Sachdeva and Partner (Mixed), 7 p.m. Miss S. Nidudkar and B. V. Ullal vs. K. M. G. Menon & Partner, 7-30 p.m. M. S. Patil and Partner vs. "A" pair (mixed).

The W.I.F.A. for a dozen years. He retired from the field only this year owing to indifferent health. During my long association with the sporting life of Bombay, I have not found a more sincere, honest and hardworking officer as Musry was. It was mainly due to his efforts the finances of the W.I.F.A. were placed on a sound footing.

May their souls rest in peace!

Narayanpally Wins Maharaja's Cup

BANGALORE, Nov. 27 (API).—Narayanpally, India's Number Nine Tennis player, was fully extended by Moses in the Singles Finals of the Open Tennis Tournament conducted by the Bowling Institute to-day. Five sets took fully two hours and 20 minutes, and the play was well contested throughout.

Narayanpally's stamina won for him the Maharaja's Cup, the scores being 3-6, 6-7, 7-6, 6-7, 6-4.

Suman, Missa and Ghanu Moramod and other top rankers are expected to participate.

REST'S EASY WIN IN PENTANGULAR

Babu's Brilliant Display

(Gurubachan Singh, Rodrigues & Champalal) MAHARASHTRA (G. Irani)

The Rest entered the final of this year's Pentangular Tournament by accounting for Maharashtra by four goals to one. The winners played brilliantly throughout and combined very well to outclass their opponents who did not combine effectively.

Babu was the most brilliant player of the evening. His speed, stick-work and passing being of this highest order. He provided passes for three of the four goals scored by his side.

Maharashtra wasted many chances of scoring, their forwards often fumbling when well placed. Pillay has still to find his true form.

THE TEAMS:

THE REST: Francis, Owen Fernandes, Gentile, Keshav, Durga, and Romaine; Gendalal Babu, Rodrigues, Gurubachan Singh and Champalal. MAHARASHTRA: P. D'Souza, J. Phillips, Antonio, Almeida, Pereira, D'Souza and S. Matelino; G. Gabriel, M. Pillay, B. M. Jinnadi, G. Nirmal and J. Phillips (Jr.).

Saturday evening at 5 p.m. Railway is Goals (Second replay).

FIND OUT AND AMBUSH FANCIED IN ATTRACTIVE EVENTS

(By Our Racing Correspondent).

The Bombay Plate over 1 1/4 miles for horses in class II, which figures as one of the attractions in today's programme has only seven probable runners. On the merit of his late finishing effort when running behind Battala on the second day, Ambush appears a good one.

Find Out, opening day's winner, deals me most in the Victory Cup.

The following are my selections: 1ST RACE: 1 Here Again, 2 Manipulator.

2ND RACE: 1 Magnificent, 2 Golden Memory.

3RD RACE: 1 My Pet, 2 Du Barry.

4TH RACE: 1 All Out, 2 Musorie if ab. Goodluck.

5TH RACE: 1 Ambush, 2 Quick Sand.

6TH RACE: 1 Find Out, 2 Imperator, if ab. Tomcat.

7TH RACE: 1 The Judge, 2 Kumgal Star.

8TH RACE: 1 Pound Note, 2 First Port.

CHOICE TREBLE: Here Again, My Pet and All Out.

FLUKES: Centurian and Prima Donna.

Mrs. Limbrey 6/3, 9/6, 8/3.

SWEDISH PLAYERS FOR BANGALORE

Two Swedish Internationals, Johnson and Bergelin, who are visiting India in January, are scheduled to play exhibition matches at Bangalore



"MANJDHAR"
(Lost in Mid-stream)
Directed by: SOHRAB MODI
Starring: KHURSHID & SURENDRA
Baby Tabassum, Sadigall, etc.
7TH WEEK at
MINERVA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, and 9-30 p.m.
Matinee at 1 p.m. on Sundays and Holidays.
(A Western India Theatres Ltd. Release.)

4th RECORD-BREAKING WEEK!
JAMUNA'S Musical Hit
RATTAN
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30
Sat. Sun. 1-30 p.m.
SURYA
POYBOWDI, PAREL
A DIAMOND-SELECT Release

For the first time
SHOWING
Technicolor
News reel of 15th August with
BHARAT Production's
MEENA
Starring: HANSA, VADKER, CHETAN, DIXIT, GULAB
AT
KAMAL
2nd WEEK
A SUNRICH Release
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sunday 1 p.m.

ARDESHIR M. IRANI'S
PUJARI
5th WEEK at
SWASTIK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
AJIT Release

Now SHOWING!
CITY-LIGHT
(MATUNGA B. S.)
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
PANCHOLI PICTURE
SHAHER-SE-DUR
MEENA, AKHTARI, AJMAL

REGAL
Air-Cooled Phone: 35017
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EXCITING MYSTERY THRILLER!
COLUMBIA'S
"BULLDOG DRUMMOND AT BAY"
ANITA LOUISE PAT O'MOORE RON RANDELL
(as Bulldog Drummond) Romance! Adventure!

SUNDAY MORNING at 10:
"ROMAN SCANDALS"
EDDIE CANTOR
Hilarious Laugh Riot

WATCH FOR THE OPENING DATE—
NEXT CAMP AT MAHIM Near Mahim Bus Stand
THE GREAT ROYAL CIRCUS
CAMP:— Near Fire Brigade DADAR
Today 29th Nov. 3 Shows at 3, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Tomorrow, Sunday 30th Nov.: First two shows at 3-30 and 6-30 p.m. are CHAKRITY SHOWS in aid of the G. S. MEDICAL COLLEGE GYMKHANA.
LAST SHOW AT 10 p.m.
Don't fail to see Prof. MOTTRA S. Remarkable feat in This wonderful carnival.
Prop:— Prof. S. G. WALAWALKAR and Prof. N.M. WALAWALKAR

BROTHER VS. BROTHER—
...and all for the LAKE...
ASIATIC PICTURES
MANSAROVAR
DAVID, KANHAIYALAL, GULAB, and the new pair NISHI BARAN and MAZHAR HUQ
Director: MAHESH CHANDRA
Story: P. CHIRISH
A JAISINH Release
NEXT ATTRACTION at
MAJESTIC

PORTRAIT OF THRILLING LIFE
ALL-INDIA'S Unusual Social
DOLI
SULOCHANA, WASTI, MADHURI
KRISHNA
6TH WEEK OF CROWDS
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. Hol. 1 p.m.
A 'FAMOUS' Release

RICH CLASSICAL MUSIC
—SO PURE
—SO INSPIRING
—SO DEVOTIONAL!
See and Hear
KOKILGANA Smti. M. S. SUBBULAKSHMI
in
CHANDRAPRABHA Cinetone's Million Rupee-Marvell!
MEERA
with Little Wonder-prodigy—RADHA
advance Booking—
10 to 12 and 4 to 6 p.m.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sunday at 12-45
2ND GREAT WEEK
KAL
Western India T. Ltd. Release

THE MOST LIKED ... BOY SAINT
in a MOST POPULAR PICTURE
PRAKASH PICTURES
Great Hit
Director: SHANTI KUMAR
6TH WEEK OF CROWDS
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Mat. at 12-45
Ad. Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3 to 6-30
An EVERGREEN Release
DURUVA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

4th FAVOURITE WEEK!
S. F. HASNAIN'S
KRISHNA
Director: HARPRASAD
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL **CHITRA**
Matinee Sun., Holi. 1 p.m. Matinee Sat., Sun., Holi. 1-15 p.m.
A PEARL Release

IT ALL STARTED IN A BUS—
and ended in the greatest fun-riot!
RAJKAMAL'S Laugh Hit
Producer: V. SHANTARAM
Director: WINAYAK
JEEVAN SATYATRA
YAKUB, BABURAO, PANDHARAKAR, DIXIT, DAMUANA, NAYANTARA
4th WEEK OF FULL HOUSES
Daily 4, 6-45 9-30. Sun. 1-15 p.m.
Plans Open 10 to 11-30: 4-30 to 6 p.m.
LAMINGTON

CITY & SUBURBS TO-DAY
Hindu: Kartik Vadi 1, 2004
Muslim: Mawarid 10, 1366,
Parsi: Khoras 27, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-54 a.m. Sunset: 6-09 p.m.
High tide: 0-03, 12-20
Low tide: 06-31, 18-24.
Today's Engagements
Y. M. C. A. 16 REYNOLDS ROAD, BYCULLA: Meeting today (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m., to accord honour to Rev. W. Harold Satchell, who had been in jail for passive resistance in South Africa. He will give a talk on "The Indian Struggle in South Africa".
The West Workers' Union: General meeting today, at 8-30 p.m., at "Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall" Sandhurst Road, near Parthana Samaj, Bonanza.
LADAR, MATUNGA & SION, YOUTH ASSOCIATION: Public lecture by St. S. G. Tulpale, on "The Problem of Textile Industry in India", at 8-30 p.m., today, at Podar College, Matunga.
CHANDAN WADI MUNICIPAL CHAWALS, TEENANTS' ASSOCIATION: Annual Gathering today, at 6 p.m., Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, will preside.
BOMBAY NORTH & SUBURBAN SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION: Public meeting today (Saturday), to protest against the delay on the part of the Government to publish the Secondary Schools' Committee Report, at Antony D'Silva, High School, Durgam Chattri.
BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION: Instead of Prof. Mathrani, Mr. Roshan Monmed will speak on "Psychological Analysis of Marathi Literature", today (Saturday), at 8-30 p.m., Wilson College, today (Saturday), at 8-30 p.m.
KANKANA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Foundation Day, today, at 8-30 p.m., at 13-1/2, Tammakwadi, Tardeo. Speeches by Mr. Jammadas M. Menia, and Ananya K. K. Atre, on "Civic responsibilities".
B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION: Classes in Radio Servicing (beginning), Latin and Greek will begin St. Xavier's College today, at 4, 5 and 6 p.m., respectively; also Radio Communication Class in Radio Electric Institute, at 4-30 p.m.
KHAIR GYMKHANA: Variety Entertainment, today (Saturday), at 9 p.m., at the Gymkhana Grounds.
HINDI JOURNALISTS' CONFERENCE: On Sunday (tomorrow), on occasion of session of 35th session of All-India Hindi Journalists' Association, Mr. S. K. Patil, will preside.
INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE: 2nd Annual Assembly Meet will be held today and Sunday (tomorrow), at 10 to 12 and 4 to 6 p.m., at the W. I. F. A. Ground, Coopersage. Mr. L. M. Patil, will preside and Mrs. Patil will distribute the prizes.
TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Christmas and New Year greetings (beginning), at 4-30 p.m., and Telegram guide current edition, will not be accepted during the Christmas and New Year season 1947-48. "B.T." Telegrams, will however be passed in transit.

TARA SINGH ON REFUGEES
At Congress House Reception
BOMBAY, Friday.
Master Tara Singh, Sikh leader, who is now in the city, speaking on the occasion of a tea party at the Congress House, at which he was guest of honour, stressed that Government should take steps to rectify the refugees in East Punjab as early as possible. He said that the Government of India should make arrangements with the Pakistan Government to transfer the Muslim population of East Punjab to West Punjab so as to make room for the refugees from Pakistan.
PRESS CONFERENCE
Master Tara Singh will hold a press conference today (Saturday) at 3 p.m. at the Taj Mahal Hotel (Princes' Room).

RESTRICTION ON KIRPANS REMOVED
The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, writes:
The Government of Bombay removed some days back the restrictions imposed under the Arms Act and Rules on the possession and carrying of swords, sword-sticks and kukris. As Kirpans are also swords and it has to be observed. The Government of Bombay has now amended the orders affecting them by removing the restrictions imposed on them under the Arms Act and Rules. It is, however, made clear that the ban imposed by the Commissioner of Police and the District Magistrates on the carrying of all sharp-edged instruments such as kirpans, including swords, sword-sticks and kukris, is still in force and it has to be observed. The exemption in favour of Sikhs who are allowed to carry one Kirpan in accordance with their religious requirements is not affected by these orders.

AHMEDABAD BAN ON KNIVES EXTENDED
The ban on the manufacture, import and sale of knives in the city of Ahmedabad has been extended for a further period of two months from November 30.

GRAND GOA EXHIBITION
Unique Cultural And Educational Show
On November 25th the Hon. Mr. R. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, inaugurated at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, the Grand Goa Exhibition, in which the cultural and educational achievements of Goans, in both the pre-Portuguese and present Portuguese period are sought to be shown by means of numerous exhibits illustrating the life of the people of Goa and their life and work.
Prominent among the exhibits is a coloured relief, map of Goa, 17th by 12 ft., showing the physical features, important cities, etc., and busts and portraits of over 70 most distinguished Goans from all walks of life. There are also photographs of archaeological finds from Goa relating to the pre-Portuguese period of her history, also some photographs of the early Portuguese period, photographs showing the different ethnographic types found in Goa and of ancient movements, beauty-spots, public buildings, vignettes of Goan life, folk songs and dance pictures: paintings of Goan artists, clay models of Goan artisans, samples of Goan pottery and domestic utensils, and pre-Portuguese and present coins and currency notes.
A teak-wood model of the church of Panjim and a miniature replica in silver of the Tomb of St. Francis Xavier in Old Goa, executed in filigree, a wooden replica of the first printing press set up in Goa by Jesuit Fathers in 1584 rare books, charts and other documents relating to Goa and typical embroidery and needlework of Goans are also on view.
The Exhibition, which is open daily from 4 to 8-30 p.m., and on Saturdays and Sundays from 10 a.m. to 8-30 p.m., will last till the 8th December.

LECTURE ON EUROPE'S FUTURE
The Programme Committee of the 20th Century Prophetic Bible Lectures to be given by Mr. Dan Sherman Harris, of Baltimore, U.S.A., who at present is Pastor of the Bombay Seventh-day Adventist Church.
On Sunday, (Nov. 30), at 6-30 p.m., the opening lecture of the series, illustrated with lantern slides, will be given, "Europe in the Balance—The Struggle for Supremacy".
A brief musical programme will precede the lecture and Mr. Harris will play musical selections on his electrical silver-toned Vibraharp, a rare instrument in India. The lectures will be given each Sunday and Friday evening, at 5-30 p.m., by Mr. Harris, at the Seventh-day Adventist Church, Club Road, Byculla.

Tehmuras Doongaji Memorial Committee
Bombay's best schools will stage select scenes for the Tehmuras Doongaji Fourth Inter-School Dramatic Competition on Sunday, at the Sunder Hall, at 10 a.m. Lady Jehangir will preside. Dr. Mulkraj Anand, Mrs. Zee Babbington and Mr. Peter Jackson will act as Judges. Tickets at popular rates available from the Hall, on Sunday from 8-30 a.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO
BOMBAY, Nov. 29.
244 m. (1231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Maithan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Mohammad Ismail (Sarangi) 8-45 R. N. Karkare (Vocal) 9-0 Gurusao Deshpande (Madhmadh Sarangi) 9-15 Nabhovalchya Parisar. Composite programme in Marathi 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Gods Gani 1-20 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 Krishna Udayavakar Thumri and Marathi Song 4-50 Chandra Kulkarni (Vocal) 5-0 Mohammad Ismail (Sarangi) 5-15 Bahuroopi Programme in Gujarati of special interest to children 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Chandra Kulkarni (Vocal) 6-30 Sundarabai (Thumri) 6-45 Master Nisar (Thumri) 7-0 Shankarrao Vyas (Kalyan) 7-40 Violin Duet (Raag Eran) 7-45 Pinit Sanget 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kavya Gavan 8-45 Buried Treasures The Indian Civilization. Talk in English by Prof. V. D. Rao 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. News 9-45 Amritlal Navsariwala (Jaiyavanti) 10-0 Krishna Udayavakar (Barwa) Gurusao Deshpande (Darbar Kanada).
VERIATION.
414 m. (7240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Gujarati Geeto 5-45 Topics 5-55 Local 6-15 Rural Listeners
614 m. (4880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial 8-0 Amritlal Navsariwala (Thumri) 8-15 Sundarabai (Thumri) 8-30 Shankarrao Vyas (Darbar Kanada) 9-30 Master Nisar (Khamas).
PATIL'S BROADCAST TODAY: Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., will broadcast from A-I. R. Bombay, today (Saturday), at 9-45 p.m., on the "Progress of Employment Exchanges".

Weather News For Farmers
FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 30-11-47:—Dry weather.
CUTLACK FOP. SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—Dry weather.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA

ANNOUNCE that on instruction from the Government of India, there will be a revision of airfares on their Bombay-Delhi Service effective from 1-12-47. Full details on application to our Booking Offices.

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ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 28. (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures during the past 24 hours. And rain fall in inches from 1st November 1947 and departure from normal recorded as 0.00 hours (L. S. T.), on 28th November, 1947:-
Allahabad 82.50 0.0 minus 0.3, Bangalore 79.50 0.9 minus 1.7, BOMBAY 72.00 minus 0.5, Calcutta 82.51 0.0 minus 0.8, Colombo 88.75 0.4 7.7, Cuttack 85.62 0.0 minus 1.6, Delhi 81.00 minus 0.5, Dibrugarh 84.69 0.2 minus 1.0, Madras 84.69 0.2 minus 1.0, Nasipur 86.58 0.0 minus 0.3, Patna 81.55 0.0 minus 0.3, Peshawar 72.45 0.0 minus 0.3, Poona 97.55 0.3 minus 0.8, Shillong 88.41 0.0 minus 1.6.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Old Men and Comets have been revered for the same Reason; Their long Beards and Pretences to foretell Events.
—DEAN SWIFT

The Bombay Chronicle

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

Replying to a question in the Central Legislative Assembly on Thursday with regard to the constitution of provinces on a linguistic basis, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru stated that "Government were fully aware of the demand in some parts of the country that new provinces be formed primarily on linguistic basis". He reminded the House that many years ago Congress recognised this principle and later the old Government accepted and acted upon it in the case of Sind and Orissa. But a number of considerations need now to be borne in mind before it can be given effect to. The main consideration now is the security, solidarity and strength of the country as a whole. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has wisely observed that if India is antebellum by an administrative difficulty her component parts also become weak and, therefore, "every problem must be viewed in this context today".

There is no exaggeration whatsoever in this. The Government of India is so intensely preoccupied today with questions of peace and order and of food supply that it is positively risky to undertake fresh major problems which are bound to rouse strong sectional prejudices, whichever way they are attempted to be solved. The experience of the results of partitioning the country should warn us against the simultaneous consequences of erecting fresh barriers within a part of the divided country, and that, too on the ground that the people divided by the barriers belong to different cultures. All these problems have doubtless to be faced in course of time, when the difficulties created thereby may be minimised. But now is not the time for the country, battling against all sorts of unexpected difficulties, external and internal, to add to them new ones of their own making. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has reason to warn the people against "the grave danger of our energies being transformed from some of the more urgent tasks".

All this is so obvious that there would probably have been no further discussion on the subject, for the present if the Government of India had not singled out Andhra to be made into a separate province immediately. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru explains that the question of Andhra "raised relatively few difficulties", while the creation of the provinces of Maharashtra and Karnataka "raised greater difficulties as any marked change would probably affect the structure and economy of the provinces concerned". There is no doubt that Andhra can be economically a self-sufficient province but we do not know whether the claims and counter-claims by Andhra and Tamil Nadu regarding the boundaries to separate them can be reconciled without raising inconvenient controversies. Probably the Government of India feels that this question can be solved satisfactorily and that the questions about other provinces can be more conveniently tackled by the Boundary Commission at a later date. The views of our own Government of India should be respected and seem to have appeared to many in the House, as Mr. H. V. Pataskar, who had given notice of a resolution demanding immediate formation of new provinces on linguistic basis, did not move his resolution. The question, however, is not settled but will be taken up by the Constituent Assembly when

the subject of Constitution comes up before it.

Strengthening The Defence

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya wisely withdrew his resolution in the Central Assembly urging Government to take immediate steps to organise a national militia in the country and to provide on a country-wide basis facilities in the use of arms and the art of self-defence. He withdrew the resolution in spite of considerable support to it from the House because the Defence Minister assured the House that Government had already in hand a scheme for raising a territorial force which would become a second line of defence to the permanent peace-time army. In view of such an assurance the House would not have voted for the resolution. Voting would have embarrassed the Government on account of its repercussions.

The Government is in a difficult and delicate position with regard to the subject of Defence. That the country needs to be adequately defended goes without saying. This is particularly true at a time when it finds itself exposed to unexpected dangers and compelled to assume unexpected responsibilities. But the preparations for the defence should not be on a scale or of a nature calculated though designed, to rouse a war mentality among the people. That will only create needless, if not false, alarms and suspicions, and retaliatory counter-measures outside India. That would create in fact dangers that are now only feared, and increased preparation to face these dangers will only set up a more terribly vicious circle than the one we find in the Punjab.

This is not to suggest that real dangers are not to be provided against. They ought to be to the fullest extent. But the Government should be left to decide the extent of the real dangers and the best means of facing them, without spreading the dangers to the whole country. It is admitted by experts that the present army in India is sufficient for all practical purposes. Moreover, while world opinion is growing more and more in favour of disarmament and settling big disputes through arbitration by bodies like the U.N.O. it does not bode well for India, which has pledged to a policy of non-violence to start a race in piling arms on arms. India should rather give a lead to the world by propagating more actively than hitherto Gandhi's gospel of non-violence.

Frankly Speaking

Welcome Statement

Freed from the shackles of office as a member of the West Bengal Government, Mian Iftikharuddin has started his Presidency of the provincial Muslim League with a welcome plea for improving the present strained relations between the two States between India and Pakistan. His suggestion for sending inter-Dominion goodwill missions was made long ago by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad who unfortunately the statesmen of Pakistan ignored. It is still worth implementing and we welcome Mian Iftikharuddin's recognition, however belated, of its great value and earnestly hope that he will succeed in this task. It is precisely here, moreover, that it is profoundly gratifying that Mian Iftikharuddin has now accepted and endorsed Mahatma Gandhi's insistence of both the Dominions in their original homes. This is the fundamental problem because on a solution of it depends not only the solution of the present crisis but also the establishment and maintenance of friendly relations between the two States in the interests of both and, more so, of Pakistan.

Encouraging Signs

There are, even apart from Mian Iftikharuddin's statement, encouraging signs of an increasing realisation of the need for mutual understanding and of efforts to reach them. Their original conversations, this is taken place in Delhi between Indian and Pakistan Ministers constitute the most momentous of these signs. Gandhi referred to them on Thursday evening and hoped that they would result in full success and in the restoration of peace in India and Pakistan and of relations of mutually co-operative friendship. Every well-wisher of this vast and great country which includes both the States will heartily share Mahatma Gandhi's hopes and pray with him for their complete and speedy realisation.

Gandhi's Appeal

Speaking at his prayer meeting on Thursday, Mahatma Gandhi feelingly referred to reports that he had had also received direct of the communal situation in Kathiawar and of the experiences of Muslims there. If the reports are correct to any extent it is easy to understand why he should be so concerned. The Muslim minority in some places in Kathiawar must affect and pain Gandhi. But we confidently trust that his words will have the required effect and that the people of these places will respond to Mahatma Gandhi's call and regain the stature which he has given them and which they have justified so long and so well.

Right Choice

We welcome the announcement that Dr. Syed Hossain has been appointed India's Ambassador to the U.S.A. who had given notice of a resolution demanding immediate formation of new provinces on linguistic basis, did not move his resolution. The question, however, is not settled but will be taken up by the Constituent Assembly when

more Indo-Egyptian bonds of mutual sympathy and goodwill have been exceptionally close because both have been struggling for an identical objective against identical forces. Moreover, Cairo is the nerve centre of the Middle East and North Africa and, therefore, of a vital Mediterranean region. India's interest in these areas and their peoples is, as is well known, deep and intimate. Dr. Syed Hossain will fittingly fill such an important post because of his qualities. Scholar, publicist and orator, he is an Indian Muslim patriot of wide international knowledge, sympathies and vision. His selection as our Ambassador at the Egyptian capital is not only a tribute to his abilities but also an expression of India's special relations with Egypt and the Middle East and its friendly interest in them.

Indians In Britain

NEHRU'S BIRTH-DAY CELEBRATIONS

Three New "Nobelmen"

LONDON.—The highlight of the birthday celebrations of Pt. Nehru in Great Britain was the unveiling of his portrait at the India House by Viscount Mountbatten. The portrait was presented by the Indian community to the High Commissioner. In presenting the portrait, Mountbatten made a pretty little speech, describing Nehru as the beloved leader of our Motherland. High Commissioner Mr. Menon, in paying a tribute to his leader, did not forget to state that his speech-making days were over. He states this almost everytime he speaks. At first the audience felt amused and interested; now a feeling of boredom is rising. My suggestion to the High Commissioner: "Stop repeating the repetition". However, the best speech of the occasion came from Viscount Mountbatten. He spoke so sincerely that the audience was visibly moved. He said he met Nehru, or Panditji, as he called him, in Malaya. He confessed that his mind was not free from apprehension when he heard of the visit. But within five minutes of seeing him, his apprehension disappeared, for he found him to be thoroughly British. Since his visit to India in March, 1947, Viscount Mountbatten had come greatly in contact with Nehru and today Viscountess Mountbatten, his daughter and he ranked Nehru as one of their best friends. There could be no man of greater integrity than Nehru. He had a keen sense of humour which, perhaps, enabled him to get out of difficulties. Viscount Mountbatten had no intention to minimise the seriousness of the troubles in India. But it was not realised that only about three per cent of the people were involved in the tragic happenings. About ninety-seven per cent of people of India went about their business in the normal way. But then, he observed that a feeling of sadness, good was no news and that is why these 97 per cent of people were forgotten.

Mr. Noel-Baker, Dominion Minister, paid an eloquent tribute to the achievements of Pandit Nehru, whom he described as a great nationalist, who was already a great internationalist. He recalled that in 1938 when he was in Prague he happened to hear Pandit Nehru who was then in France. His stand against Fascism impressed many people. The function which opened with a National song, ended with a national song sung by a bevy of Indian girls dressed in bright saris. In the evening a public meeting was held in Holborn Hall under the chairmanship of Mr. William Dobbie. Amongst those who addressed the meeting were Messrs. Reginald Sorensen, Greville Howard, Deputy Mayor of Westminster, Julius Silverman, Hannan Swaffer, and Palmer Dutt.

Indian Art In London

An Exhibition of Art of India and Pakistan will be held in the Galleries of the Royal Academy from November 29 to February 28. The King and Queen have given their patronage to the Exhibition. What is happy about the whole thing is the fact that the Exhibition represents both India and Pakistan. In fact, the art is indivisible. By presenting a joint picture the two Dominions will only present a better picture. Indeed, were they to combine in other fields they will have nothing to lose and everything to gain. The clouds may be dark at the moment, but there is no doubt that sooner or later the two Dominions will have to work together in full co-operation.

Nobel Prizemen

Of the three new "Nobelmen", as the recipients of Nobel Awards are called these days, whose creation was announced today, two are British scientists and one a French man of letters. Frenchman Andre Glide, one of the most eminent men of letters of modern times, gets the Prize for Literature. He will be 78 next Friday. Dr. Schridt of Sweden, his greatest translator, has described him as a Communist against Stalin and a Christian against Church. Glide was an enthusiastic Marxist. He was one of those who spoke at the funeral of Maxim Gorki. But after his visit to the Soviet Union in 1936, his Marxist enthusiasm appeared to have evaporated. In fact his subsequent book appeared to be a recantation. In June this year the Oxford University awarded him the honorary degree of D.Lit.

The two new British "Nobelmen" are scientists. Sir Edward Appleton gets the Physics Prize, and Sir Edward Robinson gets the Prize for Chemistry. Sir Edward Appleton is known as the man most responsible for developing Radar. Son of a Bradford man worker, he became the head of Britain's Scientific Research Department. His work on atmospheric physics, and specially his discovery of the Appleton Layer, was recognised by the U.S.A. when he was awarded the Medal of Merit. Sixty-one year old Oxford professor, Sir Robert Robinson is known throughout the scientific world for his brilliant and fundamen-

Jawahar's Plea For Saner Thinking War, No Solution For Indo-Pakistan Problems

NEW DELHI, November 28 (A.P.I.): Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, put forward a strong plea for saner thinking and dispassionate consideration of the Indo-Pakistan problems. Pandit Nehru, who was speaking at a reception arranged by the Sikh Sewak Daito celebrate Guru Nanak's birthday, said: "The differences between India and Pakistan cannot be ironed out by the use of force and anybody who adopts this method will only succeed in creating greater complications and more difficulties."

ULTIMATELY THEY WILL UNITE

The political division of India, he said, could not change certain fundamental things which still were the same in both the Dominions, India and Pakistan. They had common heritage and history. They had common economic relations which, if broken for the time being, would have to be established again.

"Any one who is not carried away by momentary passions will easily realise that ultimately both the Dominions will unite into one country. The time when they will be brought about not by force but by the march of events all over the world and consideration for mutual interests", he added. The practice, therefore, of blaming and criticising each other must stop and an honest effort must be made to create an atmosphere of goodwill between the two Dominions.

WAR WON'T SOLVE DIFFERENCES

The relation between the two countries, Pt. Nehru admitted was strained at present, but that did not change the fact that they were neighbours and were so placed that they could not live in isolation. "There were only two courses open to the Dominions. They could either unite or go to war against each other."

"Even if there is war between the two, it cannot last for ever and after that they will have to follow the other course of merging themselves into one united country". He said that it was possible for one country to invade another and occupy it by force, but that, the Prime Minister said, must not be mistaken for a union of the two countries. The set-up of things in the world at present was such that big problems could not be solved by the use of force.

If India was attacked, all possible force would certainly be employed to defend her and no quarter would be granted to the invader, but for solving Indo-Pakistan problems peaceful methods alone should be adopted or they were liable to become more serious, he said.

He said: "Time has now come for everyone to make an honest and firm resolve not to say or write anything which is liable to create ill-feeling between the two Dominions. There are times when strongly worded replies are called for but we must learn to restrain ourselves, as ultimately it is 'sinner thinking alone that helps'."

The past two years in India, Pandit Nehru continued had been full of unpleasant happenings. Dreadful things had taken place during the last few months. Much blood had been shed and suffering caused in this country, but that should not be permitted "to warp our judgment."

THINK DISPASSIONATELY

The people of India must think dispassionately and take stock of what they did and in what way it

I. N. T. PRESENTS TAGORE'S 'CHITRA'

The dance drama of Dr. Tagore's "Chitra", which was presented at the Excelsior Theatre last Sunday, is the latest addition made by the Indian National Theatre to its repertoire. Hima Kesaroodi, who has produced it, seems to have exercised sufficient care in selecting the cast and designs of settings and costumes and has, thereby, ensured the efficiency of production. She herself appears in the title role with a dash of wit and her, is a medium of expression.

Kamala of the Menaka Ballet is conspicuous by her brilliant performance and, thus, renders a creditable account of the grounding received by her in the classical dance-art. Sunetti plays her role with understanding and confidence. Krishnan Kutty figures throughout as a talented and competent Kathakali dancer. With his vigorous dances and smart interpretations he does adequate justice to the major role assigned to him.

The explanatory commentary appears to be a peculiar innovation. It introduces breaks in the continuity of dance. One wonders why the story is not rendered, from beginning to end, through the medium of dance with music. The Indian National Theatre has aimed at introducing to the audience, all the different dance-forms and has approached Kathakali, Bharat Natyam and Manipuri in order to build up its own technique of dance-dramas. It should now explore and exploit the interpretational possibilities of Kathakali which is also a classical and resourceful dance-technique and which it has, so far, avoided.

D. G. V. mental work, both experimental and theoretical, on organic chemistry. He has established the chemical structure of complicated compounds that occur in plants and explained the way in which they are built up by Nature in the living organisms.

TROUBLE BREWING IN UDAIPUR STATE

Rising Popular Discontent Against Undemocratic Constitution

(From Our Correspondent)
UDAIPUR, Nov. 28. A class war is likely to take place in the coming winter in Rana Pratap's Udaipur State in Rajasthan and timely interference by the Government of India is demanded. The only way the situation, your correspondent learns after a visit to the State last week, Udaipur State, which is situated in the southern part of Rajasthan, has an area of 12,170 sq. miles and a population of about a million people, one-fourth of whom are Rajputs and other tribal people. The Muslims are less than 4 per cent. Two-thirds of the total area of the State is in fact ruled by about 5,000 Jagirdars, big and small, who all belong to the Ruler's caste (Rajput) and most of whom are related to the Ruler in one way or another. The total population of Rajputs in the State is less than two lakhs.

The State is ruled according to the wishes of a single man, the Ruler of the State, who is an absolute monarch. He has formed a Council of seven ministers which looks after the administration. The Prime Minister and the President of the Council is a retired I.C.S. man who is a member of Foreign Affairs, Police and Development. Then there are 3 Jagirdar ministers who actually rule the State. Their portfolios are Army, Revenue, Education, Medical P.W.D. and others. The department of Jagirs is also under one of the Jagirdar ministers. Two ministers belong to the Praja Mandal, who have been entrusted with Departments of Civil Supply, Local Self-Government and Refugees. The Department of Finance is looked after by a Praja Mandal sympathiser.

CHIEF JUSTICE AS G.O.C. OF ARMY

The Chief Justice of the State is also a Rajput and so is the G.O.C. of the State forces. Admission in the army is open only to the Rajputs and Sikhs and most of the officers in the Forces and the Police belong to the Rajput community. 20 per cent of the officers in the Police are Muslims. The strength of the Army is between 1,800 to 2,000. The Madwar Bhil Corps belong to the Government of India before August 15 has also been handed over to the Udaipur State by the British Government. This corps is very well equipped and equipped with modern arms.

The present revenue of the State is about Rs. 170 lacs, out of which a huge sum of 21 lacs goes to the Ruler. Due to the vast Jagir in the State, the income tax has not been levied. The present revenue has been considerably reduced and even according to a moderate estimate, the Government is undergoing a loss of nearly Rs. 70 lacs per year due to the vast Jagir. As is the case in the Indian States, a large amount of the income goes to meet the high expenses of Army, Police and general services, with the result that a very small sum is left for basic-building activities. The administration report of the year 1943 shows that less than 6 per cent of the total revenue was marked for Education and Medical.

The economic condition of the masses is pitiable. More than three-fourths of the total population depends on agriculture and less than 10% on industries, including the village industries. Practically nothing has been done on behalf of the Government to raise the standard of living nor any effective steps taken to protect the labour from the exploitation of the masses.

UNDEMOCRATIC CONSTITUTION

The Ruler recently got prepared a constitution for the State from Mr. K. M. Munshi. The Jagirdars of the State were vested with almost all powers of the State and even the Ruler was made a puppet in their hands, not to talk of the masses. The Praja Mandal started an intensive agitation against this constitution with the result that it has been amended to an extent. According to the revised draft, the State Legislature will consist of 70 members, including 10 representatives of Jagirdars, elected under separate electorate. The Legislative Council will include 10 representatives of Depressed Classes and Tribes, 5 of Graduates, 3 of Commerce and Industry men, 3 of Muslims, 2 of Labour and 1 of women. The remaining 29 seats are General. The Ruler will also nominate 5 Ministers as members of the Legislature.

An admirable feature of the constitution is the wide franchise given to all adults and the introduction of joint electorates in respect of election of members representing particular communities such as Depressed Classes and Muslims. There is nothing in this Constitution to show that the Government will be responsible even to this sort of Legislature. On the other hand, it appoints the Prime Minister for a period of 5 years and other 4 Ministers for a period of 3 years. But the Legislature will probably also be free to elect some Ministers, even more than the Ruler's Ministers. No Minister will be removable at the wishes of the Legislature. All the Bills and resolutions passed by the Legislature will require the Ruler's assent before they are put in force.

In spite of this reactionary constitution, the Praja Mandal has resolved to take part in the elections which are to be held within a couple of months' time. The Jagirdars and Rajputs, who have till recently been ruling the State, have also decided to fight the elections. They have at their disposal ample of money to buy the votes, and above all the support of the Ruler and the State administration to influence the people. No fair elections are, therefore, possible.

DUTY OF INDIAN GOVT.

Udaipur State has acceded to the Indian Dominion and the people of the State have every right to demand all possible help from the Indian Government. It is time that the Gov-

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

PARIS, November 27: M. Desdun, French official, yesterday joined the current strike wave, refusing to guarantee eight condemned men. He demanded the strength of a Government Chief of Bureau and a bonus for every hour worked by his gullies. It was learned in Ministry of Justice circles.

In reply to a Parliamentary question, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that the Government of India proposed to deal with the question of Goa as well as of other foreign territories in India at an early date. Evidently India's Prime Minister has not read the warning of the reinforcing of the peace time military strength in Goa. It is this that if India doesn't behave, mightily Portugal, under the inspiring leadership of the great Salazar, will crush India so that the world will shak in its boots.

Referring to the raids on Kashmir, Sardar Baldev Singh says: "I cannot imagine that these tribesmen can do as well as of other foreign territories in India at an early date. Evidently India's Prime Minister has not read the warning of the reinforcing of the peace time military strength in Goa. It is this that if India doesn't behave, mightily Portugal, under the inspiring leadership of the great Salazar, will crush India so that the world will shak in its boots."

Why not? oh, what probably the Defence Minister meant was that he couldn't be disinterested to a foreign Power and friendly neighbour and attribute to it infinite capacity for ignorance.

About 10,000 tribesmen are reported concentrated in two West Punjab districts for "raids" on Jammu. They are, of course, Mr. Liaquat Ali's famous "fews".

When the Junior Councillor of Churchill's classic tribute never in the history of human conflict was so much owed by so many to so few.

Mr. Abdul Qayyum Khan should, in his next outdoor decision, it with good reason. Financial, too.

Mian Iftikharuddin endorses Gandhi's plea for resettlement of refugees in their original homes. We hope he doesn't quite wrongly expect that it would involve Messrs. Liaquat Ali Chundrigar, Siddique Ali, Masood and so on and so forth.

In an all-inclusive denunciations statement Dr. Ambedkar finally comes to the point with a call to Pakistanis to come out and to Hyderabadis to oppose the Nizam and Mr. Razvi's Mafia. It would be interesting to watch Mr. J. N. Mandala's indignant reactions.

Confessing in a special communication the death of 46 Indonesian prisoners of war in Indonesian "black holes" conditions, the Dutch Government says that it has learnt the facts "with regret, horror and indignation".

The 3-Nation committee should thank Dr. Van Mook for this commitment to its presence in Baku.

LABOUR LOSES NO SEAT IN BYE-ELECTION

East Edinburgh Contest Result

EDINBURGH, Nov. 28 (Reuter)—Britain's Labour Government has won the East Edinburgh Parliamentary by-election.

It has thus continued its remarkable record of not losing a single Labour seat at a bye-election since the Government was returned to power in 1945. This was the 23rd of such bye-elections.

The East Edinburgh figures are Mr. John Wheatley, (Labour) 14,906, Mr. D. Mathews, (Conservative) 11,490, Mr. J. Junior (Liberal) 3,779, Mrs. Mary Doot (Scottish Nationalist) 1,622.

Tory Wins Bye-Election
BOWDEN, Nov. 28 (Reuter): The Conservative candidate, Mr. G. W. Odey, has won the Parliamentary bye-election here by a majority of 14,046 votes.

FIRST GOVERNOR OF FREE PROVINCE

Ahmedabad Reception To Sir John Colville

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, replying to the reception of the Ahmedabad Municipality this evening said that it was the first time for many years that a Governor was received by the Ahmedabad Municipality. He came in the new role of the first Governor of a free province of the free country.

When he came as the Governor of Bombay they were engaged in a war against a dictator and he was himself a dictator. It was, however, an expedition in emergency under the Act of 1933. In due course the war was won and he became a Governor supported by the popular ministry. It was an advance under the act of 1933 and he worked happily till India became free and independent dominion. All the Governors resigned but he was much honoured to remain servant of the people in the new found freedom. He would go back to England to continue the good relations between England and India.

Government of the Dominion appoints their observers at least to see that the elections are fair from all points of view. This is the minimum which the Indian Government can do without any difficulty and a proposition which cannot be objected to by the Government of the State of Udaipur or the Jagirdar Party which are so loud in giving verbal assurances of fair elections.

ADDRESS TO CEYLON GOVERNOR

Opposition Amendment Lost In Senate

COLOMBO, November 27, (Reuters). The Opposition amendment to the Governor's address moved in yesterday's session of the Ceylon Senate (Upper House) was put to the House at the conclusion of today's debate and lost. The original motion to present an address to the Governor in reply to his speech was carried with "noes" from the Opposition. The Senate now assures the Governor that they will give their best attention to all matters placed before them.

Sir Oliver Goonetilleke (Leader of Senate) referring to the question of Indo-Ceylon relations, regretted the statement by an Opposition speaker who had said that in a free country like Ceylon, they legislated to mislead Indian labour tantamount to conditions of slavery and added that whatever be the outcome of Indo-Ceylon talks to be reopened shortly, he assured would be granted citizenship rights.

The House then carried the original motion to present an address of thanks to the Governor's speech after the Opposition amendment was lost. The Senate adjourned till Tuesday, December 2.

China Claims Burmese Territory

RANGOON, Nov. 26, (Reuters). Claim to 77,000 square miles of territory on the Burma-China border made by an Official of the Chinese Ministry of the Interior on Wednesday has shocked Burmese official circles, it was learned today.

Officials hoped China did not contemplate making any Official claim to the territory and would issue a disclaimer "in the interests of good relations between Burma and China."

Places in the area were mentioned during the war in Chinese "communiqués" as being in China.

BURMA WILL DEFEND ITS TERRITORY

The "New Times of Burma" commenting today said "the Burmese people will not submit to any infringement of the territorial integrity of their country. If any such attempt is made the Kachin and Shan Burmese inhabitants of the locality may be relied upon to offer stout resistance."

It would be the duty of all races in Burma to combine in armed resistance.

The Chinese Consul General in Rangoon, Mr. H. C. Hsu said he was "surprised" by the Nanjing report.

FREIGHTER RUNS AROUND OFF PORT ELIZABETH

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 28, (UPA). The American cargo and passenger liner, "Earlham Victory," today rescued 38 crew members of the Cape Town freighter, President Reitz, after it went aground on reefs during a fog 60 miles east of Port Elizabeth and started breaking up.

Swami Sivananda Saraswati

LIGHT FOUNTAIN, By Prism. Published by the S. P. League, Ananda Kutir, Rikhiresh. (Dist. Darya, Dum). — page 256; Price Rs. 3/-.

Though the title "Light Fountain" is a bit far-fetched, the volume is an interesting study of a Francis-like seer of the Himalayas, who is doing yeoman service for the revival of spirituality in India and abroad.

Swami Sivananda Saraswati is a name to be conjured up not only for the sake of his own spiritual achievements but for the new angle of approach he had been advocating for the modern man's eagerness to learn and practice the upanishadic preachings.

The various chapters are as many self-contained, articles touching one or other of the aspects of the Swami—as a seer, or as a reformer or as a rejuvenator. Behind the pen-name Mr. Prism is a young disciple of the Swami who has had ample intimate, daily contacts with the hero of the book.

God's Own Good Man

Dr. Rajendra Prasad will be 63 on December 3rd. It is but in the fitness of things that this great man whom Sarojini Naidu once described as "the spiritual descendant of Buddha the torch bearer of freedom and the symbol of India's destiny" should be called upon to occupy the honoured post of the Presidency of the Congress in India's hour of crisis.

A special birthday profile of the Congress President appears in the next Bombay Chronicle Weekly.

Tale of Two Europes

Our roving correspondent, Iqbal Singh, who has finished his tour of post-war Europe gives a final summing up of his impressions. He says that the tension between the two worlds of East and West—one dead, the other powerfully struggling to be born—is felt wherever one goes in Europe.

The Mormon Trail

This year the Mormons celebrated the 100th anniversary of their great trek across America. Modern Mormons marry only one wife, and their church is the richest after the Church of Rome a pictorial review.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Weekly

Sunday Nov. 30

Key Industries Must Be Nationalised

Australian Economist On India's Need Of Foreign Capital

Colin Clark Urges Mixed Economy For Country

NEW DELHI, November 28 (A.P.I.): Mr. Colin Clark, well-known Australian economist, today stressed the need for a "big inflow" of foreign capital in India.

He said, "unless there is a big inflow of foreign capital in some form or other, the growth of Indian national income is going to be held back."

Key industries, he suggested, should be nationalised.

Mr. Clark, who was speaking at the Indian Council of World Affairs, is stopping here for a week at the invitation of the Government of India.

Prof. B. P. Adarkar presided. "Economic progress," Mr. Clark said, "necessitates a great deal of capital investment to get the degree of industrial progress envisaged in the Bombay Plan, you require, in my opinion a great deal more capital than even the authors of that plan envisaged. India's capacity to save in relation to its income is quite high, as indeed is the case in Japan. The extraordinary thriftiness of the Japanese people was one of the factors which made their development possible. India saves some six or seven per cent of her national income, which is a high figure for a poor country."

But any higher rate of saving is going to necessitate a severe reduction in the standard of consumption of the Indian population. Even if you get some increase in the Indian rate of saving, the amount of Indian savings which you are likely to get in the next ten or twenty years are going to fall very far short of providing the necessary capital even under the most favourable circumstances for the development of Indian industry."

NATIONALISE KEY INDUSTRIES. "I know there are political questions involved. I do not think anybody would suggest that foreign capital should be admitted indiscriminately. I think the primary political question which concerns you, and quite rightly, is that you do not want foreign capital to gain control over the key industries of the country."

"For that matter, if I were an Indian politician, I would not want Indian capitalists to gain control over the key industries."

"Key industries, which are absolutely vital to national development, like steel, chemicals, railways, shipping, banking and insurance, should be nationalised."

"That is to say, they should be owned by the National, Provincial or Municipal Governments. So in that respect I am more of a Socialist than a capitalist."

So in that respect I am much less of a Socialist than many of you probably."

DIVISION OF INDUSTRIES. "What I do think India needs, as indeed all countries need, is a perfect sharp division between the key industries which must be planned and developed under national auspices and the other industries, light industries, agriculture, commerce, the building trade, the service industries, etc., in which competitive enterprise will enrich the community more rapidly than Governmentally planned industry would do."

WHERE FOREIGN CAPITAL CAN COME IN. "In that field of industries which provide useful things but not of key essentiality to the national life, invite foreign capital, as much as care to come."

U.S. METHOD OF HELP. "American economists and businessmen are well aware that for the stability of their own economy, they will have to have some inflow of capital and they are already getting very interested in India. The form in which they would like to bring their capital is the form in which I think it will be most beneficial to India. They do not want to give loans with fixed terms of return but to establish branches with American capital, equipment and skill."

"But I think the average American capitalist or European would be perfectly willing to accept what you regard as the most important condition, that he should employ largely Indian staff and provide training for young Indians who will eventually be able to carry on the industry themselves."

"If you can attain that measure of agreement with American and European capitalists, I think you need not worry about demanding 50 per cent shares or anything of that nature."

If they can find their field in light and service industries and not in key industries, you need not have much to worry about."

To give an idea of the leeway India had to make up, Mr. Clark said that if India were to raise her income by two per cent per year as in America in addition to her own savings, she would have to attract each year an inflow of foreign capital and equipment to the amount equivalent to the whole of India's sterling balances.

It was not necessary for America to have a capital outflow if she was willing to play some tricks with Governmental budgets, he said in answer to a question.

Stressing the importance of service industries, Mr. Clark said that while there was room for very large expansion of Indian manufacturing industries, there must be adequate provision for suitable output from the service industries, like commerce, transport,

NIZAM SIGNS DELHI AGREEMENT

(Continued from Page 1)
ciple of good neighbourliness and in no way permanently prejudicing his rights as an independent sovereign, though he was in some important respects suspending the exercise of certain of those rights.

HYDERABAD ARMY NEEDS ARMS & AMMUNITION

It was urgently necessary that arms equipment and in particular ammunition should be made immediately available to Hyderabad. They had had no supplies since July and the shortage was interfering with the training of the Hyderabad Army. He proposed to issue a firm order in the immediate future expressing his firm resolve to protect the lives, rights and interests of all his subjects alike, irrespective of caste or creed.

ENTIRE HYDERABAD VILLAGE IN FLAMES

Police Firing In Warangal Dist. Leads To Death Of 8 Persons

BEZWADA, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): Widespread arson is today reported from Kandibanda village of Huzurnagar Taluk, Nalgonda district of Hyderabad State.

A telegram received at the Publicity Office of the Hyderabad State Congress this evening stated the village was almost entirely destroyed.

Property worth over twenty lakhs of rupees is reported lost and nervousness prevails in adjacent villages.

Kandibanda village, fifty miles from Bezwada, is midway between the eight-mile strip of territory that separates Kistna district from Munagala the Indian Union enclave in the Nizam's Dominions.

10 KILLED IN POLICE CLASH WITH VILLAGERS

BEZWADA, Nov. 28 (A.P.I.): Eight persons were killed and thirty injured in police firing in the village of Subharavidi in Warangal district on November 28, a new bulletin issued by the Publicity Office of the Hyderabad State Congress reported today.

According to the bulletin, a State Congress worker was fired at by the police, where after about a thousand villagers gathered and proceeded in the direction of the police. The Police opened fire on the crowd, killing eight persons and wounding over thirty.

Two policemen were also killed in the incident, it was reported.

MAJLIS STILL ON DRAFT AGREEMENT

Muslim Students Suspend Studies To Work For Independence Of State

HYDERABAD, Nov. 27 (APD): It is understood the Hyderabad delegation led by Nawab Moyn Nawaz Jung will leave for Delhi on Saturday (November 28) and not on November 29.

The Working Committee of Majlis-Itehad-ul-Muslimeen which resumed its sitting today continued discussions for about 8 hours without arriving at a final decision.

Discussions will be resumed tomorrow.

It is understood among the subjects discussed was "the urgent need to reshuffle the State Cabinet."

PROHIBITION ORDER IN MUMBAI

The Nizam's Government have promulgated section 145 ASAFIA penal code prohibiting Assembly of five or more persons and carrying of arms in Mubhabad Taluqa on the Hyderabad State.

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TRAINING IN SOCIAL SERVICE

Activities Of Tata Institute Of Social Sciences

Though the work of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences during the year 1946-47 was affected adversely by the disturbances in the city, progress was maintained, thanks to the spirit of the students and the devotion of the staff.

During the year Dr. Mrs. Kamala Bhoote who returned to India from the United States took charge as lecturer in psychology and social statistics. Prof. S. C. Roy, who was formerly connected with the University of California, joined about the same time.

Though totally blind from the age of eight, he relied on his other senses to acquire knowledge and skills. He had a brilliant academic career and his appointment to the Faculty is expected to be a source of inspiration to the students whom he instructs on the problems of the handicapped.

FIELD WORK

The Institute considers field work as an integral part of training for social service. Therefore, though there has been considerable difficulty in securing suitable forms of field work centres for the students of the Institute, facilities were provided to enable them to obtain an understanding of social conditions and to gain experience in the various forms of social administration.

During the year under report, undertook training in field work only in such centres as the Nagpur Neighbourhood House, the Community Centres of the Zoroastrian Welfare Association, the Labour Welfare Centres of the Government of Bombay, the Labour Department of the Khatia Mahankar Spinning and Weaving Company Ltd. and the B. Ramjee Jeejeebhoy Home for Children of the Society for the Protection of Children in Western India, where the field work assistants could directly supervise the students' work.

SCHEME OF EXPANSION

An item of special interest arising out of the recently prepared expansion scheme of the Institute is the extension of the period of training from two years to two years and half. In the light of past experience, it was found that the two-year period was insufficient to provide theoretical instruction and adequate practical training in the different fields of social work. The educational programme, under the new scheme, will be planned so as to offer sound orientation in the broad aspects of social work and to develop competence in the field of specialisation.

The fields of specialisation we propose to develop immediately are: Labour Welfare and Personnel Management, Medical and Psychiatric Social Work, and Family and Child Welfare.

As India is awakening to the need for organised welfare work on a scientific basis, there is a growing demand for the employment of students trained at the Institute as professional social workers. Many of them have taken important posts in welfare work that is being organised in various provinces. They are employed as labour and welfare officers, rehabilitation officers, case workers, probation officers, social workers in institutions for defective children, welfare workers for municipalities and government agencies, and research workers and investigators for charity trusts.

RESEARCH

In August, 1946, three graduates of the Institute sailed to the United States for advanced study in applied social sciences.

During the year twenty-four research problems were tackled as field work projects. They include surveys of factory labour, social and economic surveys of villages, agricultural and fishing communities, surveys of Indian handicrafts and small industries, industrial surveys of government and public institutions, and surveys of the development and growth of social services in important cities of India. Problems relating to women and children have been studied with reference to health, diet and physical welfare. The mental side of social problems has not been neglected. Juvenile delinquency, behaviour problems and the mental backwardness of children have received special attention.

The "Indian Journal of Social Work", which is devoted to the promotion of professional social work, the scientific interpretation of social

problems and the advancement of social research continues to grow in popularity and service.

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC

The Child Guidance Clinic of the Institute was established in recognition of the fact that childhood is the most formative and precious period of life. Even though the disturbances in the city hampered the work, the Clinic has striven to serve children. Children with behaviour difficulties are referred to the Clinic by schools and hospitals in the city and by other institutions serving children. In addition to its direct service to children and their families, the Clinic has held classes in child psychiatry for students working for the post-graduate diploma in paediatrics.

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RESEARCH

In August, 1946, three graduates of the Institute sailed to the United States for advanced study in applied social sciences.

During the year twenty-four research problems were tackled as field work projects. They include surveys of factory labour, social and economic surveys of villages, agricultural and fishing communities, surveys of Indian handicrafts and small industries, industrial surveys of government and public institutions, and surveys of the development and growth of social services in important cities of India. Problems relating to women and children have been studied with reference to health, diet and physical welfare. The mental side of social problems has not been neglected. Juvenile delinquency, behaviour problems and the mental backwardness of children have received special attention.

The "Indian Journal of Social Work", which is devoted to the promotion of professional social work, the scientific interpretation of social

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Subbulakshmi in Chandraprabha
 Cinetone's "Meera."

Lamington AND SO FAREWELL

Rajkamal's JEEVAN YATRA is but a new version of the old situation, wherein the lives of fellow passengers bound for the same destination, intertwine to form the pattern of the screenplay.

This was the last directorial effort of the late Winayak, whose satirical qualities here lack the old pointedness and are almost drowned in the broad humour which characterises the photoplay.

The main interest of the film is not in its plot, but rather in its character delineation. Packed in a bus, we find an assortment of characters bound on a pilgrimage. They are familiar figures we have often met before on similar screen journeys.

Thus there is the society snob who sniffs at persons of inferior status; her daughter who shocks her by failing in love with a vagabond; a woman of easy virtue; a dacoit who robs Peter to pay Paul, and a philanthropist who attempts to conceal a multitude of sins with his hypocrisy. The threads of their lives intertwine and thus we have a screen aspestry.

Grimness there is in the sordid facts of the lives of many of the passengers, but it is blown away before gust of humour.

Nayan Tara, Shantaram's latest discovery, is starred in this her first vehicle, opposite such veterans as Yakub, Shanta Rin, Dixit and Babunna Pendharkar.

ROLE OF INDIAN MUSLIMS IN FUTURE

(By HUSAIN B. TYABJI.)

Now that India has won independence and is free from the shackles of foreign domination, the Muslims will no longer be under the misguidance of the Tory Imperialists and their protection. In the past the Muslim Nationalists had their meetings overwhelmed by ignorant bigoted babbles, brought in by the police and the secret agencies and found their objects thwarted.

Tory Inspiration

As with the Muslims so with the Parsis. The Tory had tried to prevail upon them to declare that they were not Indians and had put up Bhowanagery in Parliament to oppose Dadabhai Naoroji. The attempt was foiled by Pherozeshan Mehta. The Tory likewise planned to put up a young and ambitious Muslim for a similar purpose and this was foiled by Badruddin Tyabji. In later stages the Tory put up the communal electorate as a wedge to divide and to complete the task put up one Rahmat Ali with a prophetic style to put forward seven doctrines "Avoid minorityism, avow Nationalism, acquire proportional territory, consolidate individual Nations, co-ordinate, convert India into Dima, organise Dima".

League's Transformation

The Muslim League was originally of Nationalist tendencies, and Mr. Jinnah was a shining light, and the Tory Imperialist broke it up through the Mahomedan Conferences convened under the command or guidance of the Imperialists, and when the League was broken up and Mr. Jinnah retired to London, he seems to have persuaded himself that his future would be more hopeful if he donned the robes of Rahmat Ali. So at all events he has acted. And the Muslim League revived with the enthusiasm and blessings of the Nationalists primarily to bring about a pact of friendship between the Hindus and Muslims proved merely to be an efficient machinery for every class of misrepresentation, abuse, obstruction, and intransigence.

The Muslim League under the absolute dictatorship of Mr. Jinnah evolved the doctrines that religion changed nationalism, so that the Indian born Muslim was no longer Indian, and it may be supposed an Indian ceased to be one if he adopted Christianity. The League stuck to communal election. It propounded that the Muslim not a League, was a traitor to Islam—to be a Nationalist or a believer in the principles of the Congress was to be a Hindu and a traitor—that the Muslims could never submit to a constitution where the majority was Hindu. Finally, it demanded partition of the country as a separate nation wherever the Muslims were in majority dividing up the provinces. With the aim of gaining this end there was no contention too violently opposed to truth, logic, history, or science which it did not stoutly

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Current Photoplays

Central

RESURRECTING MEERA
 It is in the fitness of things that the South Indian singer Subbulakshmi's first Hindi film should depict her as the immortal MEERA, the singing saint who was a profound devotee of the Lord Krishna.

More than the story of the Queen of Mewar who preferred a heavenly to an earthly diadem, it is the voice of the star singing her 'bhajans' and 'padas' that is the picture's chief attraction.

Strangely enough, it is a foreigner, Ellis R. Duncan, who has wielded the megaphone for this film. Narendra Sharma's lyrics embellish this photoplay, the story of which is from the pen of Amritlal Nagar.

Subbulakshmi's admirers will find this film highly entertaining.

Majestic

THE VILLAGE AGAIN
 In this land of innumerable villages, it is not surprising to find films concentrating on rural life. It is, however, a pity that most of the plots for these rustic tales run along identical lines so that a regular picturegoer is able to anticipate every event.

In Ratnakar's UTTHO-JAGO, we have a selfless hero who dedicates his

life to the cause of village uplift.

Enter the villain in the person of the zamindar who frets and fumes at the social reformer's zeal which has won him so much popularity, and resorts to all the old devices to steal his thunder. And, of course, there is the coy, rustic maiden to supply the happy ending.

Ashique Hussain and Shahzadi enact the roles of the lovers.

Capitol And Chitra

HOLDING THE BABY
 S. F. Hassan has given us yet another age-old theme in Fazli Brothers' RASTA.

An innocent girl succumbs to the fascination of a handsome ne'er-do-well who loves and rides away. Need we follow the retreating hooves of his charger or the threadbare situations of this film?

New comers Anvar and Shaida are starred in this picture which also has W. M. Khan and Maya Devi in featured roles.

The photoplay was made under the

baton of Zafar Khurshid.

Minerva

MODI FOR THE FALLEN WOMAN
 In Minerva Movietone's MANJ-DHAR, we find the fallen woman zealously championed.

Tiring of her poet husband's apparent neglect of her, the heroine runs away with her lover, taking her poor will with her. You have guessed rightly—the lover deserts his sight of love, and she returns, repentant, to her husband. Does he accept her back?—Certes! Else how could the situation be created for him to champion her against society and its ostracism?

Khurshid plays the erring wife in her erstwhile mournful manner. Surendra and Sadiq Ali are the two men in her life, the former enacting the husband's role, the latter that of the caddish lover.

The lyrics of three different composers—Ghulam Haider, Gyan Dutt and Anil Biswas, are to be found in this Modi medley.

Krishna

THE NOBLE TRAMP
 One of the surest recipes for screen-actor is Charles Chaplin's favourite one of the self-sacrificing comical tramp, whose loss of the things he most cherishes, infuses a vein of

pathos such as audiences relish.

The shades of "City Lights" are awakened in All India Pictures' DOLI which glorifies the love of a tramp for a poor blind girl. To procure funds for an eye-operation, he goes to great lengths, even taking a term in prison in his stride. Released, he realises that the girl, her sight restored, is unable to recognise him in his benevolent disguise.

Burying his love for her in his heart, he effaces himself, leaving her to wedded bliss with her husband, the doctor who had operated on her.

Yet another screen MEERABAI is the glamorous Neena who here exchanges her over-advertised "mysticalness" for mysticism.

The story dramatises the incidents that led to the composition of Meera's devotional songs.

Parvez has the role of Meera's hus-

band, Tiwari is to be found in a supporting role. The tuneless music is what makes the picture most appealing.

Imperia.

SHALINAR'S MEERA

Yet another screen MEERABAI is the glamorous Neena who here exchanges her over-advertised "mysticalness" for mysticism.

The story dramatises the incidents that led to the composition of Meera's devotional songs.

Parvez has the role of Meera's hus-

band, Tiwari is to be found in a supporting role. The tuneless music is what makes the picture most appealing.

Tariff Board Inquiries

The Indian Tariff Board will not proceed with the inquiries into the question of protection to the Electrical Steel Sheet and High Carbon Wire and Spring Steel Wire Industries, as announced in the Press Communique dated 31st March, 1947, as the producers concerned have intimated their decision not to ask for the continuance of the existing protection.

Demand For Responsible Govt. In Alwar State

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28. (UPI): A bulletin issued by the All-India States Peoples Conference says that a meeting of 10,000 people from different parts of Alwar State endorsed the Praja Mandali's resolution demanding responsible Government in the State.

Acharya Jugal Kishore, General Secretary of the Congress, said that the All-India Congress Committee would give all possible help to help the Praja Mandali in their fight for civil liberties and responsible Government in the States.

Zamindari Bill In Madras Assembly

MADRAS, Nov. 28. (UPI): In the Madras Assembly this afternoon, the Revenue Minister, Mr. Kala Venkataswami, introduced the Zamindari Abolition Bill—a measure empowering the Government to acquire all Zamindari and Inam estates in the Province after paying reasonable compensation and converting them into ryotwari lands.

drawn to this fact that whereas the Hindus and Sikhs have killed the Muslims and 'vice-versa' and though the Hindus and Sikhs may justifiably hold the Government responsible for the division of their motherland and the orgy of violence and looting consequent upon it, as the ultimate cause, the Hindus must ever remember that it was through the instrumentality of an organisation which could never have survived, much less grown into such an overwhelmingly powerful body as to practically silence all other Muslim voice, but for the Imperial British, who created and nourished it. The Muslim public which followed it was responsible largely to the same extent as the Indian policeman who mercilessly beat the Indian patriot or the Indian judge who carried out the British-made law.

To make India the dream of patriots, the Government of Hindustan must most anxiously and scrupulously see that their promise that "Muslims will enjoy full cultural autonomy" is completely given effect to, most generously and sympathetically and then there is every hope that the dream will one day come true.

Now must the Government nor the Hindus lapse into the belief that they cannot wholly disregard the Muslims for the prosperity, strength and solidarity of the country needs wholehearted loyalty and affection of the entire people.

But the task of the Government and the Nationalists to instruct the people is not easy. Every honest and straightforward statement is met by a false and intricate one, and for the time or patience to study and to sift. They readily fall into conclusions most in harmony with their own prejudices or predilections.



Rajkamal's "Jeevan Yatra."

Surya

"RATTAN" COMES BACK
 The success of Jamuna Productions' RATTAN during its first run in Bombay, may be attributed to the melodies of Madhub and the pleasing voice of Zohra singing in play-back for the heroine played by Swarnaata.

An indictment of the pernicious practice of parents choosing their children's partners in life, the film depicts the tragedy that befalls two youthful lovers when the girl is forced to marry a doddering old man.

The picture ends on a note of tragedy when the unhappy girl dies in her lover's arms.

Royal Opera House

STORY OF A SAINT

Prakash has reverted to mythology in BHAKTA DHHRUV, their latest offering.

Tired of the envy of his step-mother who is anxious for her own son to ascend the 'gadi', Prince Dhruv wanders away to the forest seeking peace as was the wont of many royal mythological figures. It goes without saying that in retreat he blossoms into a saint. Rather a pity it takes him so much footage to achieve this.

Shashi Kapoor plays Dhruv with typical stoicism, Shanta Rin is in usual character as the step-mother while Mr. D. N. D. enacts the role of the prince's real mother.

L. C. P. S. Results

The following students have passed the Final L.C.P.S. Examination held in November 1947 under New Regulations:—

Aurangzeb A. P., Amin R. N., Bajaj G. R., Bandukwala A. F., Bery Jaggi J. (Miss), Bhargava J. M., Bhatti B. S., Coelho Eric, Dalai P. T., Daruvala R. B., Dave P. N., Desai Lilian Alfred (Miss), Desai M. L., Desai V. V., Desai B. P., Ganapathy S. Gandhi S. H. Giri B. S., Guard E. C., Kalyani P. M., Kamal P. L., Kamdar H. V., Kapadia N. N., Karra P. V., Kayyalakathu M. M., Kellar V. G., Khaspade G. G., Khaspade M. T., Khaspade Shanta M. (Miss), Kuddiyadi Nalini R. (Miss), Laungani K. V., Mahantshetti S. B., Mainkar G. A., Mathai M. N., Mathew K. K., Mehta H. J., Mehta R. S., Mehta V. R., Mirchandani T. A., Mulay D. N., Fandeeje M. G., Pandya R. G., Parkhi M. V., Patel M. Patel K. R., Patel Motiben G. (Miss), Patel V. D., Philip K. K., Pradhan G. G., Purandare S. M., Sankpal R. S., Shah B. N., Shah C. C., Shah C. M., Shah C. V., Shaikh I. M., Solanki Shobha V. (Miss), Tota Manjula K. (Miss), Trivedi D. S., Trivedi P. R., Vaghode J. C., Ved V. M., Gupta B. L.

OLD REGULATIONS

Kulkarni M. G., Mahapatra B. P., Parekh S. N., Shirodkar V. G.

The Major General Jennings Prize for General Proficiency has been awarded to Mr. Ratan Singh Mehta of the King Edward Hospital Medical School, Indore.

B.A. & 2nd LL.B. Exam. Results Of Reserved Candidates

Of the Candidates whose results were held in reserve at the B.A. and 2nd LL.B. Examinations held in October, 1947, the following Candidates are declared successful:—

B.A. EXAMINATION

SECOND CLASS:— NO. 594.

PASS: NOS. 95 546 548 562 564 567

572 575 581 592 593 595.

II LL.B. EXAMINATION

SECOND CLASS: NOS.— 434 441

450 452 455.

PASS: NOS.— 457 461 462 464.

PASSED IN GROUP A ONLY: 1

433 435 440 445 456.

Passive Resistance To Be Continued

DURBAN, Nov. 28. (UPI): Strong determination to continue passive resistance against the racial discrimination of the South African Government was expressed by the Joint Passive Resistance Council of the Natal and Transvaal Indian Congresses.

MALAVIYA'S DEATH ANNIVERSARY

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 27. (UPI): The first death anniversary of the late Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya will be celebrated on Dec. 1, instead of November 30, as previously announced.

Hydari To Visit Tripura State

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28. (UPI): H. E. the Governor of Assam, Sir Akbar Hydari, and Lady Hydari, who are in Calcutta, will make a brief visit to Agartala, the Capital of Tripura State, on their way to Gauhati. Her Highness the Maharani of Tripura will accompany them from Calcutta.



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External cleanliness is so natural, right and proper that its importance needs no stressing. It is, however, even more essential to keep the body clean inside—free from all those clogging impurities that cause constipation and other everyday ailments. A glass of sparkling Andrews, as the need arises, gives you deep-down Inner Cleanliness with all its health advantages. Read how Andrews does its beautiful work:

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THEN... Andrews tones up the liver and checks biliousness.
FINALLY... To complete your Inner Cleanliness, Andrews gently clears the bowels, it sweeps away trouble-making poisons, corrects Constipation, purifies and cools the blood.

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But her dentist said:—

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MADE IN INDIA

The Royal Wedding

How The British Press And Public Reacted To The Occasion

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Nov. 22.
The Royal Wedding is over and soon it will be a memory both for the Royalty and the people. But it will be an extremely happy memory. The wedding day was not observed as a public holiday. Offices and shops were open as usual. Even the members of Parliament worked. But at least a million people attempted to have a glimpse of the Royal Procession which was a cavalcade of colour. Excepting the Communist "Daily Worker" which dismissed the wedding in twelve lines, every journal including the "Times" and "Manchester Guardian" gave it the first place in the day's news.

An Amazing Phenomenon
"Gosh, cataract of it, fountains of it, spouting from the Fleet Street," to quote the picturesque language of the Communist journal. But that does not alter the fact that in this matter the Fleet Street crowd is right. The feelings of the general public, as the Sovereign is sincere and true. It may be amazing phenomenon that the people who believe in democracy should go crazy about kings and queens. Democracy and monarchy would appear to be contradictory things. But these are so blended in this country that monarchy has ceased to be an anachronism. It is difficult for a foreigner to fully understand this unique thing. As a famous writer has said, "Only a native here and to the manner born, can know why the public feels so much affection for a king who reigns but does not rule." Besides, as Pascal says "The heart has its reasons which reason knows not of."

But were even this King, Queen or Princess, for whom the people held such warm demonstration of love today to behave in an unconstitutional manner, he or she would find himself or herself in hot water. Since England sent her King to the gallows, almost all the occupants of the throne have behaved with more or less wisdom and this wisdom has been progressively increasing since the days of Queen Victoria. The present monarch specially has followed the constitution both in spirit and letter, always bowing to the wishes of his ministers. If Princess Elizabeth follows her dad's example when she comes on the throne she will not have a thing to worry about.

Picturesque Cavalcade
I watched the procession, which appeared to be a page from the middle ages,—with its Yeomen of the Guard in their Tudor dresses, troopers in their golden-plumed helmets and cuirasses, naked swords glittering in the November noon—from outside Buckingham Palace. To get in this place I had to arm myself with a passport from the Minister of Works and a miniature passport from Scotland Yard. Policemen were present in large numbers. Even though they had to work under great strain, crowds pushing from all sides, they behaved on the whole with the greatest restraint. In fact, they tried to be helpful. Often a policeman would lift a child so that he might have a glimpse of the procession. How I wish our policemen would learn to be helpful to the public in the same way. Over two thousand persons fainted. Most of them were middle-aged women who had been standing for six hours. A few young women also fainted. In a few cases after the

women received treatment from St. John Ambulance Brigade and recovered, they would again return into the crowd. The on-lookers were so jammed that some times the fainting ladies were passed along on the stretchers over the heads of the crowds.

Ceremony At The Abbey
In the Abbey the wedding ceremony was performed with all solemnity, the Princess bore the strain well and with dignity. The King, who looked serious throughout, appeared to be a bit sad. The girl whom he had loved so much and who was more his pal than daughter was about to leave him. Notwithstanding the splendour associated with the wedding, the service in all essentials was the same as for any common man or woman who might be married. The same vows, the same prayers, the same blessings. The parties concerned were not addressed as His Majesty or Royal Highness by the priest. The Archbishop, turning towards the King, said: "Who giveth this woman to be married to this man?" The King, with one hand on the hilt of his sword, touched his daughter's left hand and replied almost inaudibly. Then hand in hand Elizabeth and Philip plighted their troth, giving their vows in quiet measured voices "till death do us part." The man and the woman moved into the Chapel to sign the register with a gold quill pen. When they returned Philip bowed to the King and Princess curtsied to her mother. A great ceremony had ended and they went back to the Palace in the procession as they had come. They came separately and went back together man and wife.

Boy King Of Iraq
In this drama a little boy king showed little interest either in the ceremonies or the distinguished personalities. His interest was entirely centred in the horses. This is not surprising, for he came from a land where horses are preferred to women. The twelve-year old King of Iraq is at present in London for his studies. When he arrived at the Abbey to watch the wedding he quietly slipped to his escort and moved to see the horses. A policeman, thinking that an ordinary boy had moved away, took him back to the pavement where he was soon discovered that he was His Majesty the

Refugees Should Be Treated As War Victims

Provincial Governments Must Rehabilitate Them, Says Motwane

"Every true Congressman must act and loyally carry out the instructions embodied in the latest resolution of the A.I.C.C. which says that those Hindus and Sikhs who migrate to the Indian Union should not be considered as interlopers and grudgingly placed upon charity but should be granted the same rights and privileges as other citizens of the Indian Union," said Mr. Nanik G. Motwane, Secretary of the Sind Hindu Seva Samiti in the course of his talk at a Press Conference held in the office of the Samiti, Mr. Motwane went further and said that the evacuees and refugees, particularly the latter, should be treated as war victims and everything necessary for their early rehabilitation should be done by every Provincial Government in the Indian Union.

Hindus formed an overwhelming majority in the urban population of

KHANNA GETS 6 MONTHS

PESHAWAR, Nov. 28. (U.P.I.): Mr. Mehr Chand Khanna, former Finance Minister in the Khan Sahib Ministry and Secretary of the Khudai Khidmatgar Parliamentary Party in the Frontier Legislature, was sentenced yesterday by the Peshawar City Magistrate to 6 months' simple imprisonment under Section 19 of the Arms Act.

It may be recalled that Mr. Khanna was arrested on November 10 under Section 20 of the Arms Act but the judgment was announced under Section 19 of the Arms Act.

RELEASED ON RAIL
A.P.I. adds: Lala Mehr Chand Khanna has been released on bail by the Sessions Judge, Peshawar. Mr. Khanna left for Delhi today by air.

MONTY AT CAPE TOWN
CAPE TOWN, Nov. 27 (Reuters). Chief Marshal Viscount Montgomery, Field Marshal Imperial General Staff, was given a tumultuous reception when he arrived by air at Capetown today from Durban. He received an ovation on his drive through the city.

BOMBAY, November 28. (A.P.I.): Mr. B. G. Kher, the Prime Minister of Bombay, who is going on a tour of Belgium and London, this morning returning to Bombay on Sunday evening.

King of Iraq. So he went back to take his place amongst kings and queens at the Abbey. A Century Ago
About 130 years ago another heiress-presumptive to the throne of England married. She was Princess Charlotte of Wales. But her story was a sad one. She had incurred the wrath of her father, Prince Regent, by refusing to marry the Prince of Orange. She was a prisoner at Windsor under the surveillance of an unsympathetic grandmother. But she later married Prince Leopold of Sax-Coburg. The British Parliament approved of it and voted a settlement of £20,000 a year. The wedding was performed with great splendour and it appears quite large crowds collected to see the bride and bridegroom. The bridegroom was assisted by a number of females who patted him on the back, giving him their blessings. Some men removed the horses from the carriage and attempted to draw it themselves. Of course, there were those days not so many popular penny papers to go lyrical about gowns and make banner headlines out of a smile. Nor did they write the trash which Fleet Street produces in these days in such large quantity.

6 ARRESTED ON ROBBERY CHARGE

Said To Be Members Of Gang Operating In City

BOMBAY, Friday.
A gang of desperadoes, whose modus operandi was to set upon and rob unwary citizens, appears to have been laid by the heel, with the arrest of six men who were produced by the police this morning before Mr. G. K. Rega at the Esplanade Court.

The manner of their arrest was through the stolen property still in their possession and which the police recovered.

The police stated in the court that a man going in a gharry, was set upon at the junction of Mayo Road and Varsity Road sometime in September last and relieved of cash and valuables worth Rs. 1,269 at the point of knifing. The miscreants decamped after seizing the booty.

In producing before the magistrate, John Robert, Abu Jamal, Peter Simon, Nicolas D'Souza, Chota Appa and Razali Ahmed, the police stated that the property valued at Rs. 250/-, part of the valuables lost by the victim on that day had been recovered by them.

The magistrate directed that the accused be held in custody for a week.

Bombay Port Trust

Surplus Of Rs. 74,01,863 In General Account

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The administration report of the Bombay Port Trust for the year 1946-47 shows a surplus of Rs. 74,01,863 in the general account and a deficit of Rs. 2,85,011 in the postage account. The cargo handled at the docks was 2,938,875 tons under the category of imports and 1,194,991 tons under the category of exports. There is a fall in the cargo as compared to 1945-46 figures which amounted to 3,183,637 tons under the category of imports and 1,547,991 tons under the category of exports.

Dealing with the progress of post-war development schemes, the report says:—

(1) Scheme for the modernisation of the Prince's and Victoria Docks:—The report of the Perry-Bennett Report on the scheme was sent to various public bodies and officials and they were requested to offer their observations. The scheme has generally been approved by all the organisations. The report was also forwarded for technical scrutiny and advice to the Consulting Engineers and Agents of the Bombay Port Trust, who submitted a preliminary report, which was discussed at a special meeting of the Board on 19th March 1947. Their final report is awaited.

At present the Prince's and Victoria Docks are tidal and ships can only enter at certain states of the tide every 12 hours and the draft of a ship is in consequence limited. The essentials of the scheme are:—

(a) The construction of a new lock to serve the Prince's and Victoria Docks, thereby enabling vessels to enter the docks at all states of the tide and also enabling vessels of a deeper draft to be accommodated.

(b) Closing of the existing tidal gates and the discontinuance of the use of the Approach Channel which is across the run of the tides and the extension of the existing Alexandra Dock Harbour Wall channel to link up with the new lock.

(c) Reconstruction of transit sheds and warehouses in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.—Plans and estimates for the reconstruction of shed No. 2, Victoria Docks, and sheds 'C' and 'D', Prince's Docks, which were either damaged or totally destroyed in the explosions and fires of April 1944, were approved by the Trustees. Contracts amounting to Rs. 33.71 lakhs for their construction have since been given.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Ten High Schools To Be Opened—One Each At Surat And Hubli

The Government of Bombay has accorded administrative approval to the opening of 10 more Technical High Schools (2 in 1948, 2 in 1949, 4 in 1950 and 2 in 1951) in addition to the existing 2 Technical High Schools maintained by Government at Bombay and Sholapur so that there should be one Technical High School for every two districts of the Province. The school would be opened with standards I to IV in the first year and higher standards would be added in subsequent years so that they are full High Schools within four years.

The cost on account of the ten new Technical High Schools during each of the five years commencing from 1947, 46 is estimated at Rs. 64,80,000 (non-recurring Rs. 56,62,000 and recurring Rs. 8,18,000).

In pursuance of this scheme, the Government has sanctioned the opening of two Technical High Schools, one at Surat in the Southern Division and the other at Hubli in the Southern Division, with effect from June 1948. The provision of Rs. 10 lakhs (Rs. 8 lakhs for each school) has been made in the current year's budget for the construction of buildings required for these schools. The plans and estimates of which have been prepared and efforts are being made to construct them in time.

Dispute Over Race Horse

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Desai)
Ratanji Nasserwanji Nadr — Plaintiff
vs.
D. W. Balfour — Defendant

The plaintiff had filed this suit for a declaration that he is the owner of a race horse named "Chhotu Sahib" and praying that the defendant a licensed trainer of the R. W. L. T. Club Ltd. be ordered to transfer and deliver over the horse to the plaintiff, or in the alternative, to pay Rs. 80,000/- as the value of the horse. The plaintiff alleged that the horse had been purchased for him in England by one Armstrong for Rs. 20,000/- in July 1945, had been sent out to India, in November 1946 and that the defendant had dishonestly registered the horse in his name. The defendant on the other hand alleged that he had paid for the horse and claimed that the horse was his own property.

The plaintiff made an application by way of a notice of motion for an order that a Receiver be appointed to take charge of the horse with power to sell it and for an injunction restraining the defendant from racing the horse in his name or dealing with it in any way.

At the hearing of the motion, the parties came to terms with regard to the entire suit. By consent, no order was made on the motion except that costs were made costs in the cause. The suit was then called on, and a consent order taken by which it was agreed and declared that the horse "Chhotu Sahib" belonged to the defendant, no order being made as to the costs of the suit.

Mr. K. H. Bhambha instructed by Messrs. Hormusjee M. Vakeel and Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. M. J. Mistry instructed by Messrs. Naraiwalla and Framrose appeared for the defendant.

STRIKE WAVE IN FRANCE

Cabinet Decides To Call Up 80,000 Men To Meet Situation

PARIS, Nov. 28 (Reuters): Mobilisation of French miners, railway workers, dockers and mill hands on strike is believed in informed circles here today to be under consideration by the Government as the Cabinet continued in extraordinary session.

A decision to mobilise about 80,000 men of the 1946 military service class was taken this afternoon. These men, second contingent of the 1946 group, brought to 180,000 the number of men called up since November 20.

Early today, after receiving a 322 to 186 vote of confidence in the National Assembly, Premier Robert Schuman declared he would act within 24 hours to break the strike which late today threatened to add millions of workers to the total of one to one-and-a-half million already idle.

Building workers at Havre today decided to strike, and workers in the gas works of Paris suburbs walked out. Tomorrow, the Capital's underground transport workers will meet to

WOMAN ARRESTED ON "PUGREE" CHARGE

BOMBAY, Friday.
For alleged acceptance of "pugree" of Rs. 800 for letting two rooms in the Bohra chawl, Arthur Road, Lalital, Bhikam was arrested by the police yesterday. It is stated that the accused was managing the affairs of the chawl when produced today before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Maragao. Her bail period was extended.

Decide whether they join the strike unions.

French troops today occupied a number of Paris telephone and telegraph and post offices, and expelled all down strikers from some key public industrial centres.

Despatches from Algiers said troops there had occupied railway stations, after strike action by the Algerian Railwaysmen's Union, affiliated to the French General Confederation of Labour.

MILAN DEMONSTRATION

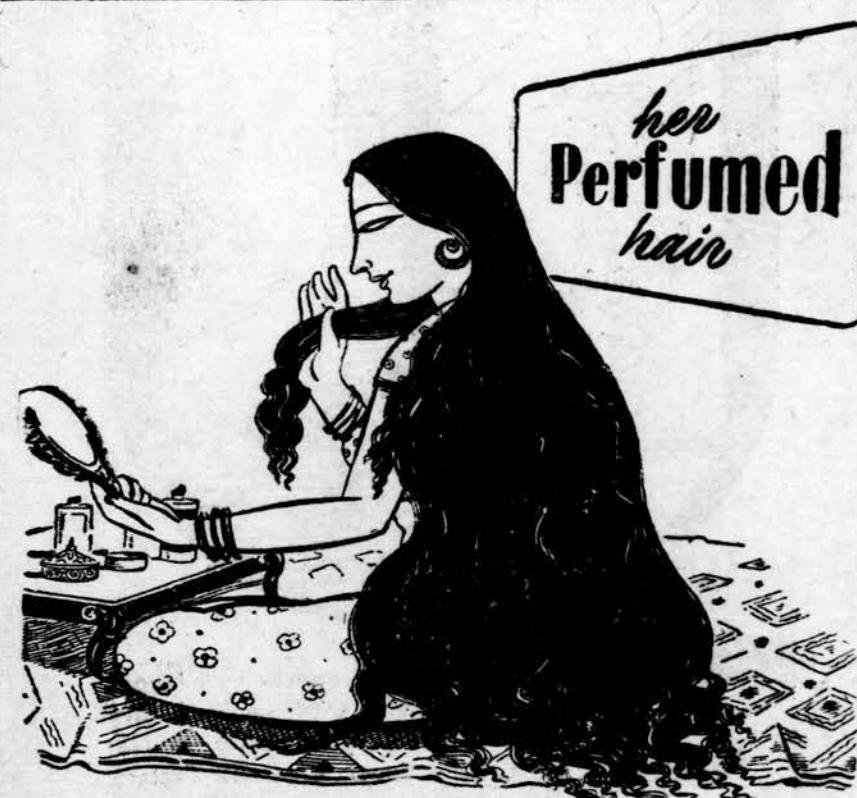
ROME, Nov. 28 (U.P.A.): Leftist demonstrators and partisans occupied the Milan Prefecture today and called a 12-hour general strike there in protest against the ouster of the Perotti by the Rightist Government in Rome.



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Agents:—Messrs DEAN & WEBBER, Hassan Chamber, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

ANOTHER BREAKDOWN

due to overcrowding!

A hundred times a day, this happens. A hundred times a day, a tram has to go back to the Depot for repairs. And on nearly every occasion, it is overcrowding which has caused the breakdown.

TRAMS WILL NOT STAND UP TO CONTINUOUS OVERLOADING! Trams are built to carry 100. For a long time, they have been carrying many more. The extra passengers wedge themselves on the platforms, cling to handrails, even ride on the bumpers. We cannot replace trams—and every vehicle which goes into the repair shop means that 2200 passengers are deprived of transport. BEST trams are now owned by the Municipality—that is, they are YOUR trams. Look after your own property!

OUR SHARE—As fast as we can, we are converting single-deckers into double-deckers to increase the seating accommodation.

it's up to you—STOP OVERCROWDING

Issued by: THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY (BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRANSPORT COMMITTEE)



OUR READERS'

A Letter—Box In Asgoli

Sir—Asgoli is a village situated near the sea-shore in the taluka of Guhagar, district Ratnagiri. There are many wadies of different castes in this village. 'Bhandarwade' is near the sea-shore and 'Bhatwadi' is on the top of the hill far away from the coast. In 'Bhatwadi' only there is a letter box and no other letter box is kept in any other wadi in Asgoli. Generally, hardly any letter is found in this letter-box. Postmen try to show to the Guhagar post-master that four or five letters are found in this letter box daily in order that this letter box may not be removed from 'Bhatwadi.'

As there is no letter box in 'Bhandarwade' the inhabitants who reside near the coast have to go up to 'Bhatwadi' to post their letters. Otherwise they have to go to Guhagar Post Office about two miles away from Asgoli. So the inhabitants of 'Bhandarwade' and those who live near the sea-shore find it difficult and inconvenient to post their letters. I appeal to the postal authorities to keep one more letter box in the compound of the primary school in 'Bhandarwade' at an early date and I am sure this letter box will prove beneficial to the inhabitants of 'Bhandarwade' as well as those living in the vicinity of the sea-shore of Asgoli.—Yours, etc.

DASHRATH T. KANGUTKAR.
Bombay, Nov. 10.

Anglo-Indians' Grievances

Sir—For over thirty years the nominated seat in the Central Assembly for Anglo-Indians has been monopolised by the Presidents-in-Chief of the Association, headquarters, New Delhi.

Anglo-Indians are one of the smallest and the most thinly scattered community in India. Undue advantage has been taken of this by the leaders of an Association of some 6,000 members who deny equal opportunities and equal rights to more than 96 per cent of their brethren. Although the Congress have set them a fine example they will not hold public elections and win leadership in the democratic way.

We would urge upon Congress to

insist that the Anglo-Indians adopt the Congress democratic way. We ask for nothing more, we expect nothing else.—Yours, etc.

W. E. THOMSON,
Honorary Secretary, Anglo-Indian Association, Bombay Circle.

"Arrest Of Civil Pilot And Crew"

Dear Sir—The letter from a National of India appearing in your issue of the 30th instant deserves more than a passing notice.

From the press report it would appear that a plane from the Air Services of India, its European pilot and crew of 3 (2 Christians and one Muslim) were taken into custody by the police at Meerut for landing there without permission. It was further stated that the plane came from Bombay via Delhi to take passengers to Pakistan.

Though it was stated by an official of the company in Bombay that a telegram was previously sent to the military authorities in Meerut seeking their permission to land the plane at Meerut, it is not clear from the report whether the military authorities did grant the request of the company concerned.

Coming to the letter in question, it is amazing to find that the European pilot after arrest was confined in a room in a hotel while the Indian crew were placed in the police lock-up. That this sort of racial discrimination should still continue provides an interesting commentary on the police administration of the Pant Ministry. Evidently in U. P. the old order has not changed giving place to new and we still find such sort of racial discrimination. Furthermore we are informed that the police behaved rudely and offensively towards the Indian crew. This, of course, is not surprising in view of the fact that the police have still to learn how to behave courteously towards the public whom they are supposed to protect. I trust that the Air Service of India will take up this question seriously with the U. P. Government and see that justice is done to the persons concerned.

This is also a subject which all

VIEWS

the Air concerns can take up with advantage with the Government of India as most of the charters go from Bombay to the Punjab and elsewhere.—Yours, etc.

ANTI-HUMBUG.

Inter-Communal Marriage

Sir—Inter-Communal marriages will go a long way in promoting inter-communal harmony and religious superstitions should not be allowed to come in the way.

Love has broken many a barrier, and it can certainly break a communal barrier. The biggest obstacle in the way of inter-communal marriages is orthodoxy. Orthodoxy refuses to change with the times. It is for the young people to manifest that they are the masters of the new times.—Yours, etc.

GULAMALI HABIB.

Plight Of Refugee Students

Sir—I am a refugee B.Sc. (Ag.) student from Sind. The principal of the Agricultural College demands the Transference Certificate for granting the scholarship. Myself and other refugee students are placed in an impossible position by this demand. All the students are scholarship holders getting Rs. 50 per month and unless we refund the amount of the scholarship, the principal of the Agricultural College (Sind) will not give that certificate. How is it possible for me to pay such a large amount (Rs. 1,500) when we have left there behind us everything? My parents are at Mount Abu now depending on Rs. 150 (in the form of rent).

Also, Sir, we are being charged extra provincial fees, whereas English-speaking College students are freed from such levy. Both being Government colleges, the same rules should be applicable to them.

Vacant seats exist, so do competent students to fill them, yet because a non-essential piece of paper is lacking the promising young agriculturists are forced to chuck up their studies in this food-furnished country of ours.—Yours, etc.

HARISH PUNJABI.

Indian Technical Students Abroad

Sir—Many technical students desiring to obtain practical training in factories and laboratories in foreign countries cannot gain admission owing to lack of information and guidance from our authorities in London and India. There are many students who are anxious to volunteer to learn these technical subjects. Very recently I visited Prague where I had the privilege of coming into touch with different Ministries (namely, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Industry and Ministry of Social Welfare) in order to collect information about possibilities for training our technical students. I have been assured that every facility will be offered provided a suitable scheme is supported by our Government and arrangements made through official channels. I would like to suggest that the Government of India should negotiate with various Governments concerned to implement such a scheme of practical training of technically advanced countries. I also discussed the possibility of exchanging students with our country; such a practice would result in saving a portion of our foreign exchange by our Government for more important purposes at present.

Generally, as soon as any training in a branch of industry is needed we are at a loss to know where to look for students. Many have been trying to visit America, but insufficient attention has, up to now, been paid to other countries also.

In England most industries are full up so that the prospective students either have to wait a long time or give up the idea altogether. But there are other countries in Europe, notably Scandinavia, where industries are as developed as the U.K. If the Government could make it possible for our students to obtain themselves of multiple sources for obtaining the required training. Our need for technical staff to-day is unprecedented and pressing, surely the Government will see the urgency of training as many likely students as possible.—Yours, etc.

K. P. DALAL.

Bombay Tenancy Act

Sir—The Bombay Tenancy Act, though in the best interests of the tenants and landlords, presents the following defects in its daily routine of practical working.

(1) The legislative enactments should be always submitted to the scrutiny of the independent judicial judgments. In this Act, however, the final appellate authority is the Collector of the district except in the case of determining reasonable rent, where appeal lies to the Civil Court. The Collector, it should be noted is an official who is also the subordinate of the Revenue Department (Executive). So unless the final authority who can give definite judgments, is made and vested in a judicial authority who is quite independent of the legislative or the executive, an enactment cannot boast of impartiality. Therefore it is requested that appeal should be made to lie on all important issues contemplated in the Act, to the civil court.

(2) On cases of voluntary resignations by the tenants, the landlords and the tenants are burdened with unnecessary ceremonies and are made to cut a sorry figure of waiting with a petition for a taluka office sacrificing time, money and energy. This would have been averted by directing them to the village officers for adjustment instead of making unwarranted inroads upon the principles of individual contract, the sanctity of which the State is bound to protect.—Yours, etc.

D. H. DESHPANDE.

Wanted More Cinema Theatres

Sir—Some time back a cry was raised by the public against allowing the building off cinema theatres in

the north of Bombay. Besides other reasons, the main reason put forward was that the building of houses should be given priority by Government.

The existing theatres are quite insufficient to meet the demand of the growing population of the city. All the theatres are packed to capacity on Sundays and holidays and even on week days tickets of the lower class are not available. The theatre owners have amassed money of their life time during the last five years. If the number of theatres are increased there will be less chance for black market to climb to heights which is rampant and the people in the north of Bombay will see some pictures earlier and for less money.—Yours, etc.

D. N. SHINDE.

Mercantile Marine Training

Sir—Of late we hear quite a lot regarding the lack of interest in the Mercantile Marine and the Government of India have recently set up a committee to study and report on the instruction and training at present provided by the I.M.M.T.S. 'Duferin' club to recommend how these facilities might be expanded.

In this connection, it may be noted that with India taking a due share of shipping relative to her foreign trade, more made up of executive and engineering officers are required now to man her ships. In an emergency like the present it would be worth enquiring if the cadets' apprenticeship period of 3 years after the completion of the training in the training ship 'Duferin' can be reduced to say 18 months as a special case. If the Royal Indian Navy and the Indian Air Force in a hurry during the war, were engaged in training, there does not appear to be any reason why marine officers, executive and engineering, cannot be trained equally hurriedly and efficiently.

Many of our readers may know that there is a community called 'Sourashtra' residing in the towns of Madras, Trichinopoly, Salem, Kumbakonam and other places in Tamil Nadu. But many may not know that these people were originally from Saurashtra who wandered from their homeland seeking peace and shelter in other parts of India. Their traditional occupations were agriculture and commerce. These centuries is that their temples were 'Girnar' and 'Somnath' which are in the State of Junagadh.

The news that Sardar Patel and the leaders visited the Somnath temple in Gandhinagar, Junagadh, restoring the same is one of the happiest news that has fallen to the lot of the Sourastras of South India.

Somnath, should certainly be restored if not to its original state, for that is a place of holy pilgrimage to all Hindus.—Yours, etc.

R. H. DAVE.

Indiscipline Among Students

Sir—The other day I had been to a College and saw vulgar words written on walls with a view to annoy girls. This was apparently done by boys. Nowadays the morality of students has gone down very low. Undesirable steps are taken both by parents and the educationists. Indulgence in immorality, disorderliness, defiance, extravagance and the like have become fashionable among ninety per cent of the students. Daily at least one period should be devoted to teaching behaviour by every school and college and a staff should be maintained by each to bring to book all those who misbehave both inside and outside the educational institution.—Yours, etc.

S. K.

Hindu-Muslim Amity

Sir—We almost daily read in the public press what great and ceaseless efforts are being made by Mahatma Gandhi and the Ministers of India Government on one hand and by Qaid-Azam Jinnah and the Ministers of Pakistan Government on the other to bring about friendly relations among Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs in riot affected areas of the Punjab and for restoring peace throughout the country. The Muslim leaders in the different parts of 'India' moreover have supplemented these efforts by issuing public appeals to all the Muslim followers not to kill cows on the ensuing Bakri-Id Day on 25th November next with a view to improving relations with Hindus who hold the cow in great reverence. If similar appeals are issued by Muslim leaders of 'Pakistan' to their followers, they will go a long way towards creating healthy relations amongst all the aforesaid communities, besides helping Government in their efforts for the restoration of peace. Will some Pakistan Muslim leaders kindly move in the matter.—Yours, etc.

(Mrs.) SHEELA P. SARNIS.
Bombay, Oct. 10th.

Hindus In Sind

Sir—The recent resolution of the Congress Working Committee deprecating forcible expulsion of Muslims from the Indian Union or creating conditions which compel Muslims to quit India, has come as a silver lining to the cloud.

This is a most wise decision but its fate depends on how it is implemented. If it is carried out as a solemn national policy, with firm purpose and without momentary vacillations, it will go a long way in putting a brake on bilateral migration which is unhinging the national economy of both Dominions. We, the Hindus of Sind, have been the worst sufferers. We dominated the economic life of Province and had maintained it at an enviable high level. But what is our position to-day? Many of our front-rank businessmen have been stampeded into flight from here, with millions of capital. Those who remain have been relegated to a state of impotence and frustration. It must be admitted that Sind has been the most peaceful province in this sub-continent, with the possible exception of Madras, and it is gratifying to see that a large number of Hindu emigrants from Sind have realised their suicidal folly and returned to their birthland, and are determined to

regain the ground they have lost. There is no reason for despair, if the new policy so admirably enunciated by the Congress Working Committee is firmly and scrupulously carried out, alike in letter and in spirit.

Hopefully, conditions throughout the sub-continent are showing marked improvement. Much of this belated, yet most welcome, transformation will depend, for its continuance, on the ability of the India Government to curb, if not completely crush, the separatist tendencies betrayed by the Sikhs and Jats, particularly the former. Sardar Patel's severe rebuke to those who dream of Sikhistan and Jaitistan has been most timely, no less than Pandit Nehru's warning to the States who are intent on grabbing territories of the Indian Union. I wonder if our leaders fully know that these very Sikhs who are pledged to the ideals and programme of the Congress and have been making a clean purge of Muslims from their ranks, with the overt purpose of defeating the two nation theory, are now also trying to find a purely Sikh State of an imperialistic, expansionist pattern under the leadership of that most reactionary despot, the Maharaja of Patiala.—Yours, etc.

R. D. JANEK.

"Sukh Nivas",
Indira Road, Karachi,
Nov. 20.

Ancient Kingdom Of Saurashtra

Sir—The State of Junagadh and other Kathiawar States are now popularly known as Saurashtra. The name of Saurashtra was the ancient name of Kathiawar and the adjacent territories and was the name of Muhammad Gazi's son. The famous temple of Somnath was sacked by Muhammad Gazi and one can well visualise Hindu refugees fleeing from the country in those days. Many of our readers may know that there is a community called 'Sourashtra' residing in the towns of Madras, Trichinopoly, Salem, Kumbakonam and other places in Tamil Nadu. But many may not know that these people were originally from Saurashtra who wandered from their homeland seeking peace and shelter in other parts of India. Their traditional occupations were agriculture and commerce. These centuries is that their temples were 'Girnar' and 'Somnath' which are in the State of Junagadh.

The news that Sardar Patel and the leaders visited the Somnath temple in Gandhinagar, Junagadh, restoring the same is one of the happiest news that has fallen to the lot of the Sourastras of South India. Somnath, should certainly be restored if not to its original state, for that is a place of holy pilgrimage to all Hindus.—Yours, etc.

R. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,
Ramanad Road, Madras.

India's Weight Lifting Team

Sir—I shall be grateful for permission to say through your esteemed columns something about the Indian weight lifting team despatched to Hanoon to compete with the Burma team. The competition took place last night as scheduled, and the Indian papers will now have published an account of the dismal failure of the team. I have nothing to say against any lifting member of the team everyone of whom did his best. But I should like to mention that those who were responsible for the selection of the team were to mind grossly ignorant of the high standard of the Burma boys. As a consequence, as this involve sports prestige and the pride of the Indians abroad I feel that due seriousness should have been attached in the formation of the team. It is argued that better materials were not available at the time of selection then I should like to say that I have been best not to have sent a team of tolerably good lifters were found. I sometime wonder whether any leading Indian authority on physical culture and weight training like Mr. Bhabhu Ghose had anything to do with the despatch of the Indian team.

Moody was the only redeeming feature of the Indian side. As expected he stood first in his class. He was in fact the only Indian lifter to defeat a Burma lifter in any class. The remaining members, however, have nothing to be discouraged. They have done generally better than the Burma side in military which requires sheer strength, but their poor performance in the remaining two events exposed their lack of technique. In other words, I venture to say that their previous training has not been conducted on the scientific lines which are being done by U. Shim Chief Instructor to the Burma Olympic Weight Lifting Association. The other conspicuous defect which the Indian lifters suffered from is their comparatively undeveloped lower body.—Yours, etc.

RANGON, Nov. 17. BURMA INDIAN.

What Guru Nanak Taught

Mr. Jaswant Singh, Propaganda Secretary, All-India Youth League, Bombay, writes:—

The decision of the Government of Pakistan refusing permission to people from India to proceed to Nankana Sahib and celebrate the birthday of Guru Nanak this year as it has been done in the past will be very greatly resented by one and all. The hitch in the usual celebration comes for the first time after the birth of Guru Nanak and the perpetuation of the ideals of the Great Guru was greater than ever before. Guru Nanak it may be recalled was the most outstanding personality of the line of Bhakti Movement whose life was entire and exclusive dedication to the cause of removing all points of friction that existed amongst the Indian people on the score of religion, caste and creed, and creating out of them an honourable fraternity. Guru Nanak was honoured both by the Hindus and Muslims and people belonging to other faiths.

Guru Nanak was the saviour and benefactor of the suffering humanity and it is only in the fitness of the circumstances that his birthday should be celebrated by all those who want communal harmony in India. Guru Nanak's birthday should be celebrated in every house by taking the solemn and irrevocable pledge to work for the conditions and circumstances that the Guru wanted to create. It may be pointed out

that the things that have happened in the Punjab and other parts of India and Pakistan are and are still happening despite the efforts of the two Governments to the contrary, are a negation of the Guru's point of view on Society. None shall have proved a worthy follower of the Great Guru unless these things end and the teeming millions are free and unfettered opportunity to live their own lives and are in a position to have fullest self development and self expression.

Government Servants & Petrol

Sir—While the residents of this town and district are at present under great hardship owing to their petrol supply being entirely cut off by the area Rationing Authority, here refusing to re-evaluate the basic petrol coupons as has already been done in Bombay and elsewhere, Government servants—both civil and being these officials should be allowed an extra petrol for their 'private' use while the public have to put up with the complete stoppage of the use not only of private cars even vehicles used exclusively for commercial and industrial purposes.

I think it is about time public servants of a national and democratic Government like ours were made to realise that they can no longer expect to enjoy special privileges and preferences over the general public as they had heretofore been used to under the old regime who are now required to subordinate their private needs to the needs of the public they are supposed to be serving.

I can cite instances of not only civil officials constantly running cars on private errands within the limits of the town where other means of transportation are easily available but of supplementary coupons being issued to military officers whose duty does not take them beyond the very limits of the cantonment in which they are stationed.

May I suggest that all civil officials who have to tour in the district be required to use railways and public service vehicles wherever they are available and only in cases where such transportation is not available they should be issued petrol coupons strictly only for the actual mileage they are compelled to do by car on duty, and that all other officials—civil or military—who are not required to leave their stations on duty, be treated in this matter exactly as the commoners. Will our national Government look into this matter immediately and redress this flagrant injustice to the public.—Yours, etc.

Belgaum, Nov. 20. T. P. DAVAR.

(Continued from col. 7)

Assembly when they considered and passed the Orissa Hindu Religious Endowment Bill and the Orissa Land Encroachment Bill, dispossessing the people who have encroached upon the lands of other people illegally.

The Provincial Language

Two non-official resolutions which were discussed on the last day related to the development of the ports in the province and nationalisation of salt industry and removal of monopoly. Pt. Lakshminarayana Mura (Congress) of Sambalpur gave notice of a resolution to make Oriya the provincial language, but it could not be moved due to the absence of the member when he was called by the Speaker to move the resolution. Sri Lakshminarayana Sahu (nominated) wanted to move a resolution recommending that the business of the Assembly should be conducted in Oriya, but it was disallowed by the Speaker who said that there was the provision for allowing the members to know English sufficiently to speak in Oriya. Sri Sahu wanted to move an adjournment motion to discuss the situation in the neighbouring state of Nilgiri, but was disallowed by the Speaker on technical grounds.

Our Orissa Letter POPULAR GOVT. IN NILGIRI STATE

(From Our Correspondent)

CUTTACK. (By Air Mail.) The fight, launched by the people of Nilgiri State with a population of 22,000 people under the leadership of Sri Kailash Chandra Mohanty, the old Congress member of the Orissa Legislative Assembly and President of the Nilgiri Praja Mandal, has culminated in the victory of the people due to the timely action taken by the ruler of Nilgiri. Acting on the advice of the representatives of the Eastern States Rulers' Union, the ruler of the State announced at a public meeting that he was prepared to hand over powers to the representatives of his people. Accordingly a formal invitation was sent to Sri Mohanty, who accompanied by some other Congress workers, went to Nilgiri and met the Chief Secretary of the Ruler's Union Mr. Varma, the Ruler of Nilgiri, after which it was agreed that the final instructions from the Regional Council of the Orissa and Chaitanya State Peoples' Conference should be followed.

The ruler of Nilgiri, who was accompanied by three members who should carry on work in consultation with Sri Mohanty. It is now certain that Sri Mohanty would be sworn in as the Prime Minister of the Nilgiri State. The troubles arising out of aboriginal attacks, are continuing in the interior of the Nilgiri State. Srimati Malati Choudhury, ex-member of the Constituent Assembly, and a few other Socialist workers are carrying out a counter-offensive movement with the help of the local people armed with arrows and other weapons. The Gurkha bandits who were active in the area Nilgiri Government recently has been released after due warning and a leader of the Adibasis, Bahadur Singh, who was also captured by the Gurkha bandits, has been released. The Government has joined hands with the Praja Mandal and has assured his co-operation for the establishment of peace in the State.

Tension In Narasinghpur State

While the situation has evidently turned for the better in Nilgiri, news of serious tension in Narasinghpur State, with a population of 42,000, reaches here. It is reported that trouble broke out recently when a students' conference was being held in the Narasinghpur and police used hand-bombs and tear-gas to disperse the crowd. But the fury of the people could not be controlled and firing had to be resorted to resulting in the death of two persons and injuries to about seventeen. A joint police force of the Ruler's Union was then called for and another firing occurred at the Narasinghpur-Bamra border when one person was killed and about half a dozen persons were injured.

It is also reported that about fifteen thousand people gathered in the Narasinghpur and wanted to capture the ruler who is now inside his palace heavily guarded by the armed police force. Referring to the Narasinghpur-Bamra border firing incident a communication issued on behalf of the Ruler's Union blames the political workers for organising the people to commit acts of violence. But other sources point out that the people of Narasinghpur are agitated by the long and continued oppression by the rulers. The bulk of the population, who happen to be Adibasis, are mostly supporters of the Praja Mandal and it is no wonder that these people when once aroused are hard to be controlled. Further developments are watched here with grave concern.

The legislators of Orissa met here for a three day session of the Orissa

(Continued in col. 8)

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Victory Tower at Chittorgarh was built to proclaim Rajput supremacy in India's History.

ORIENT CIGARETTES



Further Rise In Tata Steel Shares

IMPROVED BUYING IN COTTON HARDENS PRICES

Bullion Market Very Steady On Persistent Demand

BOMBAY, Nov. 28. Yesterday's improvement was carried further to-day on the Bombay Stock Exchange under persistent buying and short covering. There was scarcity of offerings and the undertone of the market was good. However a rise of about rupees two hundred in Tata Steel Dids in two days is considered to be too rapid. It is true that the Budget has inspired the feeling of confidence among traders but sharp advances often weaken the technical position and it seems unwise to follow the rise at present.

Tata Steel Dids shares opened at Rs. 1830 against yesterday's close at Rs. 1820 and steadily advanced at Rs. 1892. There were minor setbacks on scattered realisations but the offerings were well absorbed. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 472 and advanced to Rs. 477. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 381, Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1077 and hardened at Rs. 1092, while Kohinoor opened at Rs. 566 and advanced at Rs. 576.

Towards the close there was less buying and prices retreated few points under scattered profit-taking. It appears that bulls are now having upper hand. Tata Steel Dids, after advancing at Rs. 1,900, quietened at Rs. 1,877. Ordinary Shares after touching Rs. 382, reacted at Rs. 379. Bombay Dyeings after advancing at Rs. 1,095, steadied at Rs. 1,090. Kohinoor were done at Rs. 574 and Swadeshi shares were quoted at Rs. 603. Associated cements were done at Rs. 162. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 530 and declined at Rs. 510. Scindias were steady at Rs. 35/4.

Bombay Dyeing 1090 Kohinoor 574 Swadeshi 603 Napsur 315 Simplex 289/8 New Great 417 Gokak 325 Indore 668 Coimbatore 292 Colaba 268 I Bleaching 143 Swan 349 Finlay 305 Morari 545 Eward 705 Meyer 238/12 Apollo 4/0/8 I U Ordinary 15/10 I U Doid. 2/1/4 Madhusudan 280 Poddar 33/12 Khatau D 355 SHELAK SHAKES

Tata Steel 1770 Tata Steel Doid. 1877/8 Second 151

Associated Mills

Burma 510 Belapur 336 Shalapur 37/8 Scindia 35/4 Construction 209 Tata 16 Chinnai 211

Indian Iron 34/4 Bengal Steel 28/8 Tram 130/8 Tata Hydro 171 Andhra 157/8 Power X D 1765

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 82 Phoenix 1310 Ind. Mfg 4480 Koria 285 Dawa 1545 David 142/8 New City 228/12 Minerva 213/12 Bradar 681/4 Bharucha (Doid) 7/4

Brady 44 Mysore 285 Madhavji 7/9 Model 211/2 622/8 Vishnu 613/12 Western 4325 Standard 50/8 Sholapur 6300 Saseon Cotton 18/8

Sholapur 7850 Tata 7850 Anand 61/8 Advance 457/8 Saseon Silk 75/8 New Union 19/14 Madhusudan 292/8 Shri. Nivas 370 Raja Bahadur 128 Benar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 65 Simplex Cpn. 120

ELECTRIC SHAKES (CASH)

Amhadabad 148/12 New 113/12 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Kanchi 143/12 Broach 12/8 Ajmer X D 12/3 Amalgamated 15/8 Napsur 56/8 Poon 170 Bombay 152/8 Bhatnagar 152/8 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100

BANK SHAKES

Reserve 117/8 Imperial 2267/8 P P 551/4 Central 81/3 Coupon 143/12 India 240/8 10 Baroda 165/8 Habib 151/4 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 62 Jalpur 52 Hindustan Com. 38 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 30 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 785 New India 71/8 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 13/12 Indian Mercantile 52/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 19/14 Frud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

C. P. 107/4 Mysore 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X R 325 Steamer 680 Burma New 155 B B Petrol 2/2 Mackenzie 145 Fort Canning 74/12 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 104/8 Wingo 290 Dharansey Chemical 35 Mukut from 10 Dena Trust 21 Alenaca 255 Supreme India 130 Jawahri 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X R 175 United Motor 80 A C C New 89 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydost Construction 17

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 204/6 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1440 Hydre 138 Bombay Steamer 325/12 Napsur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 625 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115/8 Sarinivas 12 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 495 Surat Elec. 159/6 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 127 (Second Pref.) 125 Amalgamated 132 Bhatnagar 72 Tata Chemical 110 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 128 Abd. Advance 143/12 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1950 (8) 106/12 I Bume Pipe (6) 111

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Nov. 28. The local cotton market was steady today with moderate buying during the early part the market improved but met with increased selling. The market is now awaiting Decm. statement on the future policy of cotton export. Bulls decline that liberal exports will be allowed while Bears fear that there will be restriction of exports of cotton over 11/16 inch staple. However the main factor is the ability of foreign buyers to buy our cotton.

At the opening January was quoted at Rs. 475/8 and improved at Rs. 476/12 but reacted at Rs. 475/4 and steadied at Rs. 475/12. March was quoted at Rs. 473/4 and improved at Rs. 474/4 but reacted at Rs. 473/4 and steadied at Rs. 473/4. The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Jan. 476 2 0
I.C.C. Feb. 473 6 0
I.C.C. May 478 14 0
I.C.C. July 486 6 0
I.C.C. Sept. 491 14 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 19 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 321

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov. 28.

Highest. Lowest. Closing

Jan. 476-1/2 472-1/2 473-1/4

March 474-1/2 471-1/2 471-1/2

May 481 477-1/4 477-1/4

July 488-1/2 484-1/4 484-3/4

Sept. 494 490-1/4 490-1/4

Karachi 4F

Jan. 52/0/0 52/0/0 52/0/0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, November 28.

The Bullion Market was fairly steady with moderate buying. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 164/6 and advanced at Rs. 164/11 but reacted at Rs. 164/1 and steadied at Rs. 164/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 164/4. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 107/4 and improved at Rs. 107/10 and steadied at Rs. 107/8. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 107/12 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 70/4. Later on trading was restricted and prices moved within a narrow range. Forward Silver business was done at Rs. 164/4 while forward Gold was traded at Rs. 107/10. Final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver Rs. 164 4 0

Forward Silver 164 4 0

Ready Gold 108 4 0

Forward Gold 108 1 0

PRODUCE MARKET

The produce market was firm under active professional buying. The firmness of other city markets have had favourable influences and prices moved up.

Groundnuts Khandesh quality November/December were quoted at Rs. 30/2. Bold November/December were placed at Rs. 29/14. December/January delivery opened at Rs. 29/4 and after advancing at Rs. 26/8 steadied at Rs. 29/6. Groundnut oil November was quoted at Rs. 18/4. December at Rs. 17/6 and January at Rs. 17/3.

Castor seeds ready were quoted at Rs. 32 May delivery opened at Rs. 138/4 and after advancing at Rs. 139/6 steadied at Rs. 139/4. Castor oil first pressing was quoted at Rs. 20/8 and commercial quality was placed at Rs. 19/4. Linseed ready was quoted at Rs. 29/8 while February/March business was done at Rs. 28/3. Linseed oil was quoted at Rs. 18/8.

Finally Castor seeds May delivery closed at Rs. 138/14. There was good enquiry from upcountry for Groundnuts and Khandesh quality November/December was quoted at Rs. 30/4 and December/January Rs. 29/10.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

Tata Ordinary 379; Tata Deferred 1877/8; Indian Iron 34/6; Steel Corp. of Bengal 28/8; Bombay Dyeing 1090; Central India 315; Gokak 325; Kohinoor 573/12; Simplex 238/8; Swadeshi 603/2; Tata Power 1765; Associated Cement 162; Belapur 336/4; Bombay Burma (Old) 510; Scindia 35/4; Central Bank 81/4; New India 71/4; 2nd Pref. 151/4.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

APOLLO 4/0/6 4/0/6
B Dyeing 1089 89/12 86 90 78 87/8
80 92/8 85 95 90
C India 314 16 14 16/8 15 17 15
David 142/8
E Textiles 700 3
Elphinstone 82 82
Finlay 303/8 2 3 4 3 6 7 5
Gokak 322 21 24 22/8 28/8 26 27 26
I U Doid 15/9 15/8 15/10
Indore 670 73 12 55 67/8 65
Kohinoor 566 73 68 76 72 76 74
Madhusudan 270 80
Meyer 228/12
Morari 550 45
New City 228/12
New Great 416 20 17 23 19 21 17
Podar 323/12 33/12
Simplex 239 41 38 41/8 41 44 39/8
Swadeshi 596 98 96 601 599 609 2
Swan 346 45 49
Tata Mills 74 78
BANKS
Baroda 165
Central 82 83 81/8
Imperial Old 2270 67/8
Imperial New 551/4
Reserve 118 17/8
Union 10
U Commercial 62 63 62
ELECTRIC
Ahmedabad 148/12 48 12
Andhra Valley 1577/6
B Tram Ord 130/12 30 31 30/8
Hydro 171
Power 1765
INSURANCE
Empire 1785
New India 71/12 71 71/8
Scindia Steam 33 35/3 34/14 35/5
35/3 35/6 35/4
STEEL
B Steel 28/8 28/8 28 12 28/8
I Iron 34 34/2 34/1 34/7 34/8
Tata Doid 1830 50 37/8 45 42/8 70
65 85 72/8 1900 1877/8
Tata Chem 15/4 15/4 15/4 15/12 16
77/8 80/8 78/8 82 79
Tata 2nd Pref 151/8 52 51/4 51/8 51
MISCELLANEOUS
Alcock 320 30 25 30 25
A C C Old 161/8 62 61/8 64 62
A C C New 89
Belapur 336 33 37 36
B B Old 530 22/8 32/8 10
B B New 165 67/8 65
B B Petrol 3/1 3/2
Dharansey Chem. 1000 Raw 116
I Bleaching 140 43
P Const 205 11 10 12 11 13 10 12/8 9
Shalapur 38 38/8 37/8
Tata Chem 15/4 15/4 15/4 15/12 16
Tata Oil 64 67/8
Wingo 282/8 90
SPECIAL
Central Coupon 18 19
Simplex Coupon 122 20
Mysore Coupon 80 79
Haydar Const. 17
Ahmedabad Elec. New 116/4
Estrella Batteries 50/12

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

2-1/2 p.c. 1954 98 12 0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950 97 6 0
2-1/2 p.c. 1951 97 6 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52 100 0 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960 100 0 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962 100 0 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1978 100 0 0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable 100 8 0
3 p.c. 1986 Con. 100 12 0
3 p.c. 1949-52 102 6 0
3 p.c. 1951-54 102 6 0
3 p.c. 1953-55 102 12 0
3 p.c. 1957 102 12 0
3 p.c. 1959-61 102 6 0
3 p.c. 1963-65 102 6 0
3 p.c. 1966-68 102 11 0
3 p.c. 1970-75 101 6 0
3-1/2 p.c. 1948-57 108 14 0
4 p.c. 1948-55 108 0 0
4 p.c. 1960-70 112 12 0
4-1/2 p.c. 1950-55 106 0 0
4-1/2 p.c. 1956-60 106 0 0
4-1/2 p.c. 1968-67 117 8 0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961 98 8 0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961 99 0 0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955 102 2 0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958 102 0 0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949 99 0 0
3 p.c. Madras 1962-63 101 0 0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 99 0 0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952 101 0 0
3 p.c. O. P. 1952 101 0 0
3 p.c. N. W. F. 1952 100 4 0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66 101 2 0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust 113 0 0
3 p.c. Bombay Municipal 113 0 0
3 p.c. Bombay Municipal 117 0 0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipal 121 0 0
6-1/2 p.c. 1977 101 5 0
6 p.c. K. P. T. 121 0 0

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS.

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 21st November:—

1. Demand Liabilities:

(a) In India 650,80,49,000
(b) In Pakistan 74,23,57,000

2. Time Liabilities:

(a) India 312,21,86,000
(b) Pakistan 31,12,00,000

3. Cash:

(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Note:—

(a) In India 32,94,14,990
(b) In Pakistan 4,18,51,000

(ii) Rupee Coin:—

(a) In India 2,14,27,000
(b) In Pakistan 32,18,900

(iii) Subsidiary Coin:—

(a) In India 67,04,000
(b) In Pakistan 6,86,000

4. Balances with Reserve Bank

98,91,28,000

5. Advances:

(a) In India 388,54,40,000
(b) In Pakistan 37,97,57,000

6. Bills Discounted:

(a) In India 15,45,80,000
(b) In Pakistan 1,00,11,000

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

B O Rates T T D D 1/8 12/16

Ready. B O Rates T T D D 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 6th Month.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 10th 12th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/8 1/8 7th and 8th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 8th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 7/32 7th and 8th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 Rate T T Rs 332 1/4

Banks Selling T T D D Rs 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 1/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/4

Paris Banks Selling T T Rs 3550

Paris Banks Buying T T Rs 3550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157 1/4

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Rs 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D Rs 34

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157 1/4

New York/London Cross Rate Doi 4.05 1/8 to 4 1/2 1/4

London Discs 3 Months 17/32 p.c.

London Discs 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p.c. 3 months 1/2 p.c. 6 months 3/4 p.c. 12 months 1-1/4 p.c. Tons:—Easy.

CALCUTTA MARKET.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

Coir yarn Bepore 170/180; Quindry 185/185; Fibre Garbled 125; Unarbed 125; Cocanuts per 1000 Raw 116; P 165; Cocanutt Oil 430; Copra Office 297/8; Dipsand 337/8; Madras cotton 355; Pepper Wynad 725; Country 700; Dry Ginger Chennad 260; Ernad 250; Coffee Robusta 96; Timber Pall 60/62/8; Junglewood 10/35; Velpine 45/50; Bentak 50/55; Teak 90/100; Mango Planks 3/3/8; Teak 15/20; Rosewood 18/20.

AMSTERDAM PEPPER.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 27 (U.P.A.). Bata-via white pepper was not quoted to-day. Singapore white was 310 shillings per hundred-weight and black lampung was unquoted. Black Singapore was 208 shillings per hundred-weight.

INDIAN COTTON CONSUMPTION.

Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following Statement of Indian cotton (pressed and unpressed) consumed in mills in India during the month of August 1947:—

(Excludes Pakistan from the 15th August, 1947.)

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

CONSUMPTION

During August 1947.

During August 1946.

During August 1945.

During August 1944.

During August 1943.

During August 1942.

During August 1941.

During August 1940.

During August 1939.

During August 1938.

During August 1937.

During August 1936.

During August 1935.

During August 1934.

During August 1933.

During August 1932.

During August 1931.

During August 1930.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Graduate Teachers to teach French, English and Gujarati in High School Classes. Trained or qualified preferred. Apply personally or write to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga G.I.P. (7542)

Wanted an efficient man having ample experience of work at Customs and Port Trust to take charge of our Clearing Department. An evacuee from Sind having above qualifications will be preferred. Please apply with testimonials to Post Box 256, Bombay. (7541)

Wanted District Organisers to push the sale of the remaining shares of Messrs. Rainbow Paints & Chemicals (India) Ltd. on both pay and commission. The products of the Company are already in the market. Apply to Box No. 6044, "Bombay Chronicle". (7541)

Wanted a Graduate Teacher for Sheth G. T. Cutch Kothara High School. Annual increments and fixed grade, D.A. and P.F. benefits. Apply Secretary, G. T. Charities, 7, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay. (7555)

Wanted Students to Learn Typewriting at Rs. 3. Shorthand 3.8 in Paramount Shorthand Typewriting Class, Tejpal Building, Second Floor, Tribhuvan Road, near Swastik Cinema, Best Typewriters for sale. (7550)

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for "Terms" Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (7560)

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE
Available large flat, Dhobi Talao and Dadar, Bungalow Sea Face, Mahim. Small flat, Byculla, Grant Road; Single double rooms city. Call personally Visvee Company, Balaaram House, Charni Road, Tram Junction. (7557)

To be Let in Vile Parle, 3 room block and 4 room block. Rent Rs. 55 and Rs. 80. Apply Box No. 7546, "Bombay Chronicle". (7546)

ACCOMMODATION WANTED
Gaud Saraswat Artist Student seeks single room accommodation with or without board, preferably in Girgaum or Dadar. Write Box No. 7540, "Bombay Chronicle". (7540)

SOCIAL
Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts, hobbies business. India, abroad. Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (7391)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION
Deolali Grand Hotel, Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (7395)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS
L.S.E.C. Homestudy Courses, for recognised examinations, in Engineering, Technology, Commerce, Competitive, Actuarial, Statistical examinations, under ablest professors. Spare Time Study. Moderate fees. Get free "Successful Careers" (Foreword by Sir M. Visvesvaraya) from Secretary, Post Box 11713, Bombay. Mention Examination interested. (7561)

Davar's College of Commerce
Join immediately special new classes just started for Company Secretaries, Specialised Banking, International Accountants, General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, 7558

Tuition Classes for Inter Arts Students. Coaching in logic, civics, economics by an experienced Professor will be started from 5th December. Special coaching for B.A. students in history, economics. Premises: Sharda Sadan 3rd floor near Girgaum Police Chowki, Bombay. Enquire at above premises between 5-45 and 7-45 p.m. all days except Saturdays. (7566)

Learn Dentistry within short period. Apply prospectus Dental Training Institute, P.B. 91 Jambharg. (7458)

Homeopathy. Easily learnt by Post. For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2 this issue. (197)

ASTROLOGICAL
Would you like to know your Future regarding wealth, marriage, business, employment, speculation, longevity, travel etc? If so, I am at your service with extensive practical experience in both Western and Indian predictive Astrology. Answers to your 5 questions Rs. 3. Ten years' Life-Reading Rs. 7. Life-Reading Rs. 20. Correct birth time (if known) place, and date of birth required. Works sent by V.P. Write at once to Box No. 7548, "Bombay Chronicle". (7548)

BOOKS & STAMPS
Just Received: Books on Photography published by the Fountain Press, London, W.C. 2. Stocks available from their sole agents in India, Rupa & Co., Wholesale Booksellers for over a Decade, 18-B, Shama Charan De Street, Calcutta, 12. (Branch office: Rupa House, Allahabad, U.P.). List on application. (7500)

RADIOS
For Sale—few pieces English Radios, exclusive design; concession to dealers. Write immediately to contact Hans. Sea Green (South), Marine Drive. (7554)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE HINDUSTAN CONSTRUCTION CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at "Construction House", Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th December, 1947, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st August, 1947 and to Declare dividends on preference and Ordinary shares.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED as from Friday, the 12th December, 1947, to Saturday, the 20th December, 1947, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
B. D. SARDESAI, Secretary.

Construction House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, 18th November, 1947.
NOTE:—The dividends, if sanctioned, will be paid at the Company's Registered Office at Construction House, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on and from Monday, the 19th January, 1948, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on Saturday the 20th December, 1947.
More particularly addressed to—
1. Mr. Eugenia da Costa Ferreira Alveres, 2. Mr. Edwin William D'Souza, 3. Mr. Kacharadas Mathuradas, 4. Revd. Herculan Gonsalves. (6260)

CERTIFICATE COURSE IN ADVANCED RADIO COMMUNICATION.

A FULL TIME COURSE of one term's duration in Advanced Radio Communication with admission restricted to B. E. (Elec.) and B.E. (Mech. & Elec.) degree holders (preferably from the College) has been introduced in the College of Engineering, Poona, with effect from this November. Candidates intending to seek admission to the course must apply to the Principal before 10th December, 1947.

PRINCIPAL,
College of Engineering, Poona.
Poona-5.
25th Nov. 1947. (6268)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Wonderful Tonic Powder, "Prasuti Sakha" Helps the mother after delivery. Keeps the mother healthy. Does not require any medical help. Rs. 3/- per dose. Rs. 30/- per doz. V.P. Charges extra. Menaka Debi, 19, S. N. Banerji Rd., Calcutta. (5462C)

BUSINESS FOR SALE
Business For Sale in residential Block monthly income 500 net, see Motra Dindaisai Building, 4th Floor, Girgaum, Galwadi, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. (7537)

AGENTS WANTED
Wanted—Agents or Stockists for our Pearl and Nut Buttons. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co., Dacca, (Bengal).
Wanted Selling Agents for all the important towns of the Indian Astrology monthly magazine, edited by Gandhi Astrologer. For terms apply to "Indian Astrology" Tirutani, S. India. (7564)

MACHINERY WANTED
Wanted one new or secondhand Portable Steam Engine Boiler and one Oil Expeller. Write to Jain Industries, Shikohabad. (7563)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Linotype Machines English or American—Ready delivery. Apply Box No. 7549 "Bombay Chronicle".

Electric Motors: first Class American Reuland Motors available from floating consignments, and for prompt shipment, buyers of our own licence fractional sizes and up. For details please apply to All-India Distributors: Larsen & Toubro Limited, P.O. Box 276, Bombay. (6045)

BUSINESS WANTED
Just arrived from Sind. am interested in any paying concern or business. Write giving details and lowest price, direct to buyer. Box No. 7559, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Muslims Manufacturers wholesale dealers and suppliers if you want your goods cleared lying at Delhi or East Punjab Stations due to riots please contact, Box No. 7533 "Bombay Chronicle".

Printers and Bookbinders—If you want to get your books or Magazines composed on Linotypes Write Rajan, Linotype Composing Contractor, 145, Upper Duncan Road, Byculla. (7525)

Available qualified Nurses, Bombay Nurses Bureau, Dhun Building, Lamington Road, Tel. 42840. (7332)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stocks American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 180. Fluorescent tubes and reflectors. Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S. cables all sizes good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle".
Approximately 10,000 lbs. of viscose paper, 73 millimetres wide, available for sale. Apply Box No. 6271, "Bombay Chronicle". (6271)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES, LTD.

LOSS OF ALLOTMENT LETTERS AND TEMPORARY RECEIPTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ALLOTMENT LETTERS and the TEMPORARY RECEIPT of THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS. LTD., specified in the Schedule hereunder and standing in the names of the parties mentioned therein have been LOST or MISLAID and the undersigned have applied to the Company for delivery of the Certificates for the Shares covered by the Allotment Letters and the Temporary Receipt in question:—

Allotment No.	Letter Date.	Shareholder's name and address.	No. of Shares.	Distinctive Nos. of Shares.
4058	22-1-1946	Mr. Gordhandas Jannadas Choksi & Mr. Navnitlal Sunderlal Mehta of Bombay.	10	N 793025 to N 793034
12863	22-1-1946	Dr. Vithal Purshottam Wagle of Kurnta.	5	N 945443 to N 945447
14755	22-1-1946	Khandubhai Sukhabhai Desai of Surat.	2	N 1024083 & N 1024084
2251	22-1-1946	Chhotalal Keshavalal Shah and Mrs. Chandan-gauri Chhotalal Shah of Bombay.	5	N 749902 to N 749906
1570	22-1-1946	Miss Margaret Bazil of Bombay.	22	N 737838 to N 737859
7448	22-1-1946	Md. Kurban Hussain S. o Shaik Abdullah of Tuljapur.	4	N 847880 to N 847883
9048	22-1-1946	Nandlal Ujamsahi of Bombay.	3	N 871710 to N 871712
7853	22-1-1946	Mrs. Mani Pheroze Bahadurji of Bombay.	105	N 852838 to N 852942
4075	22-1-1946	Miss Gool Bhicaji Mulla of Bombay.	105	N 793182 to N 793286

Temporary Receipt.

No.	Date.	Shareholder's name and address.	No. of Shares.	Distinctive Nos. of Shares.
2955	4-8-1947	Khodaram Baharam Golabi of Bombay 7.	25	153010 to 153019 162739 to 162753.

Any person(s) in possession of the said Allotment Letter(s) and/or Temporary Receipt and/or having any claim to the said Share(s) should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office at No. 1, Queen's Road, (Opp: Churchgate Rly. Station) Fort, Bombay, WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application and deliver the Share Certificates if they think fit.

Dated this 28th day of November, 1947.

Sd. Vithal Purshottam Wagle, Sd. C. K. Shah & Sd. Chandan-gauri Chhotalal Shah } Sd. Khandubhai Sukhabhai Desai. Sd. M. Bazil.
Sd. Md. Kurban Hussain. Sd. Nandlal Ujamsahi.
Sd. Khodaram Baharam Golabi. Sd. M. P. Bahadurji.
Sd. G. B. Mulla. Sd. Gordhandas Jannadas Choksi Sd. Navnitlal Sunderlal Mehta

Through me VADILAL M. SHAH Advocate. (6258)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

THE FOLLOWING PLOTS will be put to Public Auction by the undersigned in his office at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) on 10-12-47.

Scheme	Estate or locality.	Plot No.	Approximate area in sq. yds.	User.	Deposit payable Rs.
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EX-TRUST PLOTS TO BE LEASED.					
3	Sandhurst Road East.	101	819	Educational whether general or technical. Medical whether a Hospital or a Maternity Home, or Health purposes, or residences of persons connected with the Institution, conducted by a Charitable Trust and not for purposes of profit on the upper floors and shops, offices or godowns on the ground floor.	10,000
"	"	102	819	— do —	10,000
60	Nalgaum	239	650	shops, offices, godowns and residences.	1,000
"	"	240	575	— do —	1,000

Parties desiring to bid at the auction will have, prior to the auction to deposit with the Municipality the amount mentioned against each plot. If payment is to be made by cheques, they should be sent at least three days prior to the date of auction. No cheques will be accepted on the date of auction, except from the recognized Architects or Brokers. An unsuccessful bidder for a plot can avail himself of his deposit for bidding for the next plot. A successful bidder, however, will have to pay a fresh deposit before bidding for the next plot. The deposit will be forfeited if the approved bidder withdraws his bid.

Copies of full particulars of auction and special conditions relating to the plot to be leased together with a site plan will be supplied on application to the undersigned on payment of annas eight in each case.

The building can be inspected on any day as they are tenanted. The conditions of the lease and other particulars can be inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturday.

A. R. MANERIKAR, Estate Agent & Land Manager. (6247)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

THE B. E. S. & TRANSPORT COMMITTEE.

SEALED TENDERS for the following Contracts will be received by the General Manager up to Noon on MONDAY, the 8th December, 1947:—
(1) Supply of House Service Electricity Meters.
(2) Supply of Road Materials.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy. (6246)

P. N. JOSHI, Principal & Secretary. 24-11-1947. (6251)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 12.

APPLICATIONS INVITED for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Women eligible. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Postal Order for Rs. 7/8- (Rs. 1/4- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 3rd January, 1948. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. SEVEN POSTS OF RESEARCH OFFICERS (4 PERMANENT AND 3 TEMPORARY) UNDER THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR. One permanent post is intended for Research Officer (Statistics) and the remaining permanent and temporary posts for Research Officers (General). One permanent and one temporary post are reserved for Scheduled Caste candidates. Two permanent posts will be filled from (a) Civilian candidates within normal age limits, and (b) Men in the Forces within the normal age limits and two from (c) Temporary Government employees other than persons whose employment qualifies as "War Service" and (d) "War Service" candidates eligible for war reserved vacancies and not eligible under (b) above. AGE. Preferably below 35 years; relaxable in case of Government servants. PAY Rs. 350-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800.

QUALIFICATIONS. RESEARCH OFFICERS (GENERAL): (a) At least a good second class degree of a recognised University, preferably in one of the Social Sciences. In the case of candidates from Scheduled Castes, the minimum qualification will be a degree of a recognised University, preferably in one of the Social Sciences. (b) A good personality. (c) Ability to draft notes and reports. (d) Experience of Socio-Economic investigations and/or Social work. (e) Experience of office work. **RESEARCH OFFICERS (STATISTICS):** (a) A first class or high second class Honours of M.A. or equivalent degree in Mathematics (with Statistics) as one of the optional subjects or in Statistics. (b) A good personality. (c) Experience of Statistical Investigations on Socio-Economic subjects and (d) Experience of organising or running a Statistical Department or Branch in a Government or other public office or a reputed firm.

2. A PERMANENT POST OF SENIOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANT, IMPERIAL SECRETARIAT, LIBRARY MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, NEW DELHI. AGE. Preferably below 30 years. Post reserved for a Scheduled Caste candidate. Candidates of other communities will be considered if a suitable Scheduled Caste candidate is not forthcoming. PAY Rs. 150-15-300-20-400. **QUALIFICATIONS:** (a) Degree in Science or Arts, preferably in Science. (b) Diploma in Librarianship. (c) About two years experience in a recognised library.

3. ONE PERMANENT POST OF CHIEF FIRE OFFICER, DELHI.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites separate tenders for the erection of mandaps, supply of furniture therein, etc. In respect of the following groups for the ensuing Municipal General Elections likely to be held in February, 1948:—

GROUP No. I—Wards Nos. 1 to 11, 12, 17 and 18.
GROUP No. II—Wards Nos. 13 to 16 and 19 to 22.
GROUP No. III—Wards Nos. 23 to 34.

Tenders will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Friday the 12th December, 1947.

Tenders should be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for erection of mandaps in Group No.—", addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Office, Fort, Bombay, with a deposit of Rs. 3,000/- for each group of mandaps.

Forms of tenders, specification etc., will be issued by the Mechanical Engineer to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 2/- for each tender form of each group.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application at his office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner reserves the right to accept the whole or part of any tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.

FIRE SERVICE. To be filled on contract basis for 3 years in the first instance. If suitable Indians are not available for the post, only then other British subjects will be considered for appointment. AGE. Preferably below 40 years. **QUALIFICATIONS ESSENTIAL:** (a) Considerable experience of fire-fighting with a recognised Fire Service. (b) Ability to command large bodies and maintain discipline. **DESIRABLE:** Diploma of graduate of Institute of Fire Engineers or a degree in Mechanical Engineering. Special consideration for war service candidates. Those who have already applied in response to previous advertisement need not apply again. PAY Rs. 850-25-1000 plus 125 or Rs. 250 overseas pay where admissible.

4. ONE PERMANENT POST OF HEAD OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, DELHI POLYTECHNIC, DELHI. AGE. Not exceeding 40 years; relaxable in exceptional cases. PAY Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1100-1100-1150. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 800/- p.m. may be granted to a specially well qualified and experienced candidate. **Qualifications:** (1) A first class Honours or post-graduate degree in Electrical and/or Mechanical Engineering. (2) At least two years apprenticeship with an industrial concern in Electrical or Mechanical Engineering. (3) At least three years experience in a responsible capacity in Government service or in a large Engineering concern. (4) Teaching experience in an Engineering College.

5. ONE PERMANENT POST OF HEAD OF DIVISION OF CHEMISTRY, INDIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, NEW DELHI. AGE. Preferably below 50 years; relaxable in case of Government servants. PAY Rs. 1000-50-1300-60-1600 (Provisional). Initial pay up to Rs. 1250/- with reference to age, qualifications and experience may be granted. **QUALIFICATIONS:** (a) Degree in Chemistry involving high standard of knowledge in Physical and colloid Chemistry and Analytical Chemistry. (b) Doctorate degree by research on problems of Soil Science or Agricultural Chemistry or of Analytical Chemistry. (c) Evidence of experience of technique used (1) in modern soil studies with reference to agronomic work and classification of soils for determining their use and (2) in Agricultural Chemistry. (d) Evidence of advanced type of work involving research in problems of Soil Science and Agricultural Chemistry. (e) Evidence of capacity to organise a modern laboratory either of soil science and Agricultural Chemistry or of Analytical Chemistry involving micro-analysis and physical methods and to guide research in Soil Science and Agricultural Chemistry.

6. ONE SUPERVISOR, HINDUSTANI BROADCASTS, CENTRAL NEWS ORGANISATION, ALL INDIA RADIO. The post is temporary but likely to be made permanent. AGE. Preferably between 30-40 years. PAY Between Rs. 600 to Rs. 700/- depending on the qualifications of the candidates selected. **QUALIFICATIONS:** (a) Journalist experience. (b) Experience of writing simple Hindi/Urdu in original or in translation from English. (c) Trained news editor as to be able to determine the relative importance of facts in original news scripts or messages. (d) A sound knowledge of Urdu, Hindi and English. (e) Capacity to evolve words and phrases from indigenous sources on the principle of wise intelligibility. (f) Ability to take an objective view of public demands.

(6255)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites separate tenders for the erection of mandaps, supply of furniture therein, etc. In respect of the following groups for the ensuing Municipal General Elections likely to be held in February, 1948:—

GROUP No. I—Wards Nos. 1 to 11, 12, 17 and 18.
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Forms of tenders, specification etc., will be issued by the Mechanical Engineer to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 2/- for each tender form of each group.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application at his office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner reserves the right to accept the whole or part of any tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.

(6249)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

POST OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a permanent post of Assistant Secretary in the Secretary's Department of the Bombay Port Trust.

2. QUALIFICATIONS:—The candidate should possess high academic qualifications of Indian or Foreign Universities such as First Class degrees in Economics or Commerce and previous experience as for example in the Secretariat or other Government Offices. Provincial or Central Graduates with Science degrees need not apply.

3. PAY & ALLOWANCES:—The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of 3 years during which he will draw pay as under:

	per month
During the 1st year	Rs. 300
During the 2nd year	Rs. 325
During the 3rd year	Rs. 350

On confirmation, he will draw pay on the scale of Rs. 500-25-700 or such other higher scale as may be fixed by the Trustees in the light of the Pay Commission's recommendations. A higher starting pay, both during the period of probation and on confirmation, may be given to a candidate possessing high qualifications and previous experience and the period of probation may also be reduced or probation waived altogether, in such cases, at the discretion of the Trustees.

The selected candidate will be eligible for the Dearness, House Rent and Compensatory allowances during the period of probation as well as on confirmation, as sanctioned from time to time.

4. AGE:—The candidate must not be over 25 years of age on 1st January 1948, but this limit may be extended upto 35 years in the case of a candidate having previous experience.

5. The successful candidate will be required to accept the Bombay Port Trust Service Rules, a copy of which will be supplied to him on selection and to subscribe to the Trustees' Provident Fund. Before appointment he will be required to undergo a medical examination by the Port Trust Medical Officer. He may also be required to execute an Agreement at the discretion of the Administration.

6. Applications must give full particulars of age, nationality, caste and religion, academic record including any distinctions attained in School or College work. Scholarships won, the subjects taken, degrees and classes secured in the various University Examinations, and practical experience, if any. Distinctions achieved in games and activities outside the purely academic sphere, e.g. debating societies and U.T.C. etc., should also be clearly brought out. Applications should be accompanied by copies of testimonials and the names of two persons, not related to the candidate, to whom reference may be made regarding the candidate's character and integrity. The applications should be addressed to the Secretary, Bombay Port Trust, Ballard Road, Bombay, and must reach him not later than 5TH JANUARY 1948. Applications from persons already in service must be forwarded through the Head of the Administration or Department in which the candidate is serving.

7. The Port Trust does not undertake to acknowledge the receipt of applications and will not enter into correspondence regarding them.

8. Candidates are warned that any attempt whatsoever to bring influence to bear on the Chairman or a member of the Board of Trustees, or on any Officer of the Port Trust, will result in the immediate disqualification of the person concerned.

9. Applicants called for interview from any places other than those within the limits of the Island of Bombay or those served by the Local Sub